Turkey allows limited use of Kurdish

ANKARA (AP) - Parliament Friday approved a landmark bill allowing limited use of the Knrdish language and scrapping bars on advocating communist, fascist and Muslim-fundamentalist forms of government. The bill also includes a wide-ranging partial amnesty for prisoners. Under the legislation, the parliament allowed Kurds to speak their language in unofficial settings and listen to Kurdish-language music. Kurdish remained outlawed in education, political propagands, publishing and broadcasting. The changes, strongly pushed by President Turgur Ozal, reflected Turkey's eagerness to erase remaining vestiges of the military rule that ended in 1983, and to improve its human rights profile in the West. The European Community has cited limits on democratle freedoms as one of the major reasons for shelving Turkey's bid for membership in the trading bloc. The bill was introduced by the government three months ago. It lifts a ban on Kurdish imposed by the former military rules in 1983. The bill was the first step towards recognising the ethnic rights of the persists. Furdish population in Turkey, which is estimated at around 12 restive Kurdish population in Turkey, which is estimated at around 12

dan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تابعر يومية سياسية تصدر بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية والراي،

Cheney to close, cut bases

WASHINGTON (AP) - Defence Secretary Dick Chemry is recommending the closure of 31 major domestic military bases and the closure of downsizing of 198 overseas facilities, according to documents obtained Friday by the Associated Press. The detence chief also recommends closing 12 minor domestic insitallations and the realignment of 28 others "By 1995, the number of people in the U.S. military will be about one-fourth-smaller than it is today. Smaller forces need lewer bases. It's as sample as that," Mr. Cheney said in a statement. The estimated one of closing the facilities is \$5.7 billion from fiscal 1992 to liscal 1997 while the savings will amount to about \$6.5 billion. That means a net gain of \$850 million, the Defence Department said. All long services -- the army nave, air force and manne corps - will be effected. Mr. Chency has the authority to shut down foreign installations but for domestic closures must submit a list for a decision-making process. Mr. Cheney did not name the foreign bases

Volume 16 Number 4675

AMMAN SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1991, RAMADAN 28, 1411

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

Arafat holds talks with French envoy

TUNIS (R) - A Freneb envoy held two bours of talks with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat in Tunis, the PLO said Friday. French Foreign Minister Roland Dumas is due in Tunis later this month for talks on Middle East peace prospects and is expected to meet the palestiman leader. The PLO said Mr. Arafat's discussions with Patrick Leclerq, director of Middle Eastern and North African affairs at the French Foreign Ministry, included the situation in the Middle East, the Gulf, Lebanon and the Israeli-occupied territories.

U.N. chief visits France

UNITED NATIONS (AP) -Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cnellar Friday left for a weeklong trip to France where he will address the European Parliament, U.N. officials said. The officials said that Mr. Perez de Cuellar would address the parliament Tuesday in Strasbourg, France. He then will go to Paris for four days and preside over the U.N. Administrative Committee on Coordination, a U.N. body which oversees U.N. internal affairs and reform. He returns to New York next weekend.

Crude oil price climbs

LONDON (R) - Oil prices climbed Friday to their highest level in London for two months, with benchmark Brent blend crude rising above \$20 a barrel to the surprise of many traders in the market. Brent blend futures for May on London's International Petroleum Exchange (IPE) traded as high at \$20.15 a barrel before falling back to \$19.96, np 41 cents, by 1730 GMT.

Dates for Indian elections announced

NEW DELHI (AP) - India will bold its 10th general elections over three days beginning May 20, the election commission announced Friday. Other polling days will be May 23 and 26, chief election commissioner T.N. Sesban said. He said polling in the strife-torn states of Punjab, Assam and Jammu-Kashmir will be beld separately and that the dates will be announced later. The elections were called after Prime Minister Chandra Shekhar quit on March 7. He was the second prime minister to resign since the last parliamentary elections 18 months ago. President Ramaswamy Venkataraman dissolved parliament after it became clear that no pobtical party could garner a majority in the legisla-

Chinese president falls ill

BEIJING (AP) - President Yang Shangkun suddenly fell ill Friday and cancelled a meeting with a visiting prime minister, the minister's delegation said. Mr. Yang, 84, one of several octogenarians still holding power in China, was scheduled to meet Papua New Guinea Prime Minister Rabbie Namaliu in the afternoon. But Chinese officials told the delegation at the last minute that Mr. Yang was ill and would have to cancel, said Jim Waim, a Papua New Guinea parliamentary official. He said they were not given details of Mr. Yang's

Britain lifts visa curbs on Iragis

LONDON (AP) - Home Secretary Kenneth Baker Friday lifted a blanket ban on Iraqis travelling to Britain or applying for visa extensions. "In view of the suspension of the (Gulf war) hostilities and the recent U.N. Security Council resolution on ceasefire arrangements in the Gulf, I am satisfied that it is now safe and consistent with the national interest for these restrictions to be rescinded," Mr. Baker said in a statement. In September Mr. Baker barred Iraqi students from coming to Britain, citing a threat to national security. Other Iraqi nationals were barred in January soon after the start of the

Masri holds two-hour meeting with Baker in Geneva

Jordan agrees to attend conference but differences with U.S. remain

informed the United States Friday in would attend a Middle East peace conference only if it is based on the principle that Israel returned occupied Arab territories in return for peace.

"Jordan will attend the conference," Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri told reporters after meeting with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker.

He said the participation was based on conditions, including the principle of land-for-peace and international auspices. Israeli leaders have cautiously

approved the concept of peace talks but steadfastly oppose "territorial concessions

Mr. Masri said he was "moderately optimistic" about Mr. Baker's drive to set np negotia-

Mr. Baker and Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa talked with reporters in Damascus earlier Friday, as the secretary wrapped up a weeklong trip to the Middle East.

"We agree that there's a window of opportunity here to move the peace process forwards and that we should try not to miss that window of opportunity," Mr.

DAMASCUS (Agencies) -

Syria insisted Friday that the United Nations must play "a significant role" in a Middle East peace

U.S. Secretary of State James

Baker, winding up a regional visit

Al Assad, said both Washington

and Damascus saw a "window of

opportunity" for Arab-Israeli

peacemaking following the Gulf

He did not, however, win vital

Syrian backing for a "regional"

peace conference - an idea

accepted in ontline by Israel and

cautiously supported by Egypt

As discussed on Mr. Baker's

earlier stops in Israel and Egypt.

a regional conference would be

chaired by the United States and

attended by Israel, Arab states

and the Soviet Union. How

Palestinians would be repre-

sented is still an open question.

Mr. Baker talked with Mr.

Assad late into the night and beld

a joint press conference Friday

morning with Foreign Minister

Both spoke of agreement and

disagreement on issues discussed

but said they were determined to

work for a just and comprehen-

and Saudi Arabia.

Faroug Al Sharaa.

he felt he had made "some progress" towards opening talks aimed at bringing peace to the region (see story below).

'Jordan will attend a peace conference and peace for Jordan "is a strategy and not a tactic," Mr. Masri told reporters in Geneva.

Mr. Masri, for whom the meeting represented a renewal of high-level contacts with the United States, said the principle of ceding land for peace was central to the process

Mr. Masri said Mr. Baker had raised the idea of a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation. Jordan would consider it as long as the Palestinians agreed but would not impose its views on them, be said.

Mr. Masri also spoke about U.S. aid, cut off by Congress this week to mark its displeasure at Jordan's Gulf war stance.

Mr. Masri and Mr. Baker diseussed international developments in the aftermath of the Gulf crisis and the two discussed U.S. proposals for finding a peaceful settlement to the Middle East question and Jordan's role in the peace process, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said.

U.N. role a must in peace

talks, Syria informs U.S.

Palestinian problem.

with Mr. Assad

to Arab leaders.

bargaining table.

Mr. Sharaa said his govern-

ment and the United States were

determined to pursue a "just and

comprehensive settlement to the

Arab-Israeli conflict and the

the news conference, winding up

a four-nation swing through the

'It's been a long night," Mr.

Baker quipped on returning to his

hotel Thursday night after talks

The Syrian media took a tough

line on an Israeli peace talks

proposal that Mr. Baker carried

The newspaper Tishrin, which

usually reflects government

thinking, said: "The rulers of Tel

Aviv want to demolish diplomatic

efforts carried by Washington

Elsewhere on his weeklong

Mideast trip, Mr. Baker found

interest in bringing Arabs,

Israelis and Palestinians to the

but there's still a lot that has to be

done," Mr. Baker said prior to

his meeting with Mr. Assad. "It's

a long road we have to travel and

we hope people wouldn't, there-

We've made some progress

through Secretary Baker.

tant and significant role Jordan can play in the peace process in the Middle East, it said. "We are looking forward to discussing these kinds of questions with the foreign minister of Jordan hecause Jordan is a very important country in that process as I indicated a month or so in an interview in the U.S.," Baker said.

In his remarks after his meeting with Mr. Baker, Mr. Masri said the talks were constructive and useful, adding that official contacts between Amman and

Washington will be resumed, However, Mr. Masri noted, there are still some differences in the Jordanian and U.S. views on resolving the Middle East ques-

He stressed that the Palestinian representation at a proposed conference for solving the Palestine problem was raised with Mr. Baker and that Jordan initially has no objection to the formation of a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation.

However, he said, sueb an issue should first be discussed and settled with the Palestinians and Jordan is not going to suggest

A senior U.S. official travelling

with Mr. Baker told reporters

Thursday: "The sense I have is

that they're all looking for a way

to make something happen...ev-erybody we've talked to wants a

process to happen, has, I think, a

Mr. Sharaa told Reuters that

"Syria opposes the regional con-

ference and wants a peace confer-

ence in which the United Nations

would bave a significant role."

bours of talks with Mr. Assad as

"useful" and said be made prog-

Israel bas accepted the idea of

a "regional" peace conference

and rejected an "international"

one because the second would

imply acceptance of U.N. resolu-

tions calling for its withdrawal

Mr. Sharaa said Syria and the

from occupied Arab territories.

U.S. were determined to reach

"just and comprebensive peace in

th region — to be based on U.N.

Resolutions 242 and 338 — and

that a peace conference be held in

order to implement U.N. resolu-

Mr. Baker, asked what

ress during his tour.

Mr. Baker described his 51/2

desire for n.

Mr. Masri outlined the importance of holding a peace conferenee voicing optimism over efforts being initiated by the United States.

He said Jordan attaches special attendon to the essence and contents of negotiations during the proposed conference. He added that Jordan gives high priority ro the implementation of United Nation Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 and the observance of the land-for-peace princi-

Israeli opposition leader Shimon Peres, who also met Mr. Baker in Geneva, said the issue of Israeli settlement in the occupied territories could torpedo the

Mr. Baker ended his trip hy meeting th foreign ministers of Luxembourg, Italy and the Netherlands. Officials said he was likely to

return to the Middle East quickly, perhaps within a week or two. Luxembourg Foreign Minister Jacques Poos said his hour-long meeting with Mr. Baker focused on the mass Kurdish exodus from

(Continued on page 5)

Israeli air raid kills 8 in know, it's not just black or white." S. Lebanon

SIDON, Lebanon (Agencies) -Israeli planes attacked a Palestinian base in South Lebanon Friday despite a campaign for peace by the government in Beirut.

Security sources said four planes fired 12 rockets into a base for the Fatch Revolutionary Council (FRC) led by Abtı Nidal near Salbiveb village, five kilometres east of Sidon.

At least four guerrillas were killed and eight wounded, they added.

FRC guerrillas sealed off the area and turned back journalists as black smoke billowed from the

An Israeli army spokesman said the planes hit a "target" used as a staging ground for attacks and returned safely. Sidon is 40 kilometres south of Beirut. The air strike was the eighth by

Israel into Lebanon this year. The previous raids — all against Palestinian camps — killed a total of seven people and wounded 55. Lebanon marks the 16th anniversary of the start of its civil

war Saturday. Fighting broke out in Beirut on April 13, 1975, after militiamen fired on a bus full of Palestinians. The government has ordered all armed groups in Lehanon to

disarm by the end of April or risk

being crushed by the army as part of a drive to secure the country and put a tasting end to the civil Some Palestinian groups have withdrawn heavy weapons from

the Beirut area. But Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) guerrillas have vowed to keep their weapons. The FRC is outside the PLO.

Lebanese envoy Mohsen Ibrahim held talks this week with PLO leader Yasser Arafat and Algerian President Chadli Benjedid in an effort to mediate between the government and Palestinians.

Some Lebanese officials have said some groups fighting to force Israeli troops and their Lebanese allies out of the Jewish state's "security zone" in South Lebanon could keep their guns.

Security sources said four bombs exploded Friday in two cars and two houses of officials of the Shitte Muslim Amal militia in the village of Tair Debbeh. The explosions caused minor

damage but not casualties. Amal has said it is willing to abide by government orders to disarm. Two nearby bases manned by

guerrillas from Dr. George Habash's Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine and Talaat Yaqoub's Palestine Liberation Front were hit by shrapnel, police said.

U.S. plans to establish 'relief' camps inside Iraq

Combined agency dispatches

TURKEY SAID Friday the United Stares planned to ser up refugee camps inside northern Iraq and on the Turkish-liaqi border.

"The United States, in accordanee with U.N. Resolution 688 and within the framework of the Turkish government's permission, will start a large scale operation to help Iragis massed on the Turkish-Iraqi border," a Forcien Ministry statement said.

"This operation... envisages setting up temporary settlements in Turkish-Iraqi border regions and northern Iraq to help racet the most urgent needs of Iraqis who are living in extremely dillicult conditions," the statement

"This operation is exclusively humanitarian and it will continue until U.N. agencies complete their preparations to relay relief aid efficiently and regularly to the needy," the statement said.

The United States said on Thursday its "Operation Provide Comfort" would meet basic needs of 700,000 refugees for 30

days.
"We will feed, clothe and shelter a population larger than that of Richmond, Virginia," U.S. Vice President Dan Quayle said. U.S. cargo planes began a 10-

day programme to drop supplies to refugees in mountains just inside Iraq Sunday. Turkish officials say nearly

500,000 Iragis have fled to the ill-defined Turkish frontier since Iraqi troops crusbed last month's Kurdish rebellion in northern Iraq. At last 2,000 were known to have died.

A mission led by the U.S. Agency for International Development and Foreign Disaster Assistance Office was due to leave Ankara Enday to assess needs in the border region.

A camp supervisor said seven Iraqi refugees, including a pregnant woman, were killed Friday then relief crates dropped by Western planes fell on thier tents along the Turkish horder.

Basri Tay, Iraqi supervisor of a camp holding an estimated 50,1880 refugees on a mountain plateau just inside Iraq, told Reuters the seven died there during Friday's aid drops.

The total number of casualties could not be confirmed independentis but included two people witnesses said were killed on a morning supply run by C-130 Hercules aircraft.

There have been several teports of refugees being hit hy Western aid crates parachuted into the bleak peaks where thousands huddle under makeshift shelters in ankle-deep

Refugees said two traqi women were killed Tuesday. The sister of one of them told Reuters at the Cukurca mosque that she had seen one crate hit her sister. At the U.N., the day after the

Security Council officially declared an end to the Gull war, the five permanent members of the council was discussing setting up safety zones for Kurdish refugees in northern Iraq.

Ambassadors of the United States, Britain, China, France and the Soviet Union discussed a possible U.N. resolution which would guarantee safety for Kurds, and permit distribution of humanitarian aid. Western diplomats said.

The diplomats, speaking on condition of anonymity, said the protect the Kinds short of establishing a U.N. enclave which would set a precedent and bolste. Ruidish claims for a separate

They suggested the UN secretary general might designat. safe areas in northern Iraq where Kurdish refugees could receive humanitarian and from U.N. and other international relief agen-

U.N. officials Friday had no inimediate reaction to air Associated Press report of an attack or Kurds inside a U.S. protector? cone in Iraq before the termal ceasefue went into effect. U.S. officials and their sought official

confirmation of the report. On Thursday evening the Gult war ended officially not on the battlefield, but in a sunht room at the United Nations when Iraq'. ambassador accepted a Security Council letter noting Baglidad's acceptance of U.N. terms

Soon alter, the British ambas, sador, Sir David Hannay, said by would begin efforts Friday to draft a new Security Council resolution requiring safety roots in northern Iraq for the Kurds.

The Soviet Union said it has serious reservations about creationg a haven to protect Kin dish relugees.

Foreign Ministry spokesman Vitaly Churkin told a news conference the proposal to create "security shelters" for Kurds in northern frag would mean "taking away part of Irag's sovereignty without the agreement of the Iraqi government, which would contradict United Nations char-

British Prime Minister John

(Continued on page 5)

Iraqi government is in full control of situation — Aziz

Prime Minister Tareq Aziz Thursday wound up a two-day visit to Jordan by giving assurances that the Iraqi government and armed forces were in control of the situation in the north of

There is no justification for any concern over Iraq which remains united and secure," said Mr. Aziz in a statement on Jor-

dan Television Thursday night. "I was honoured by an audience with His Majesty King Hussein to whom I conveyed a verbal message from his brother, President Saddam Hussem," Mr. Aziz

He said his discussions with the King eovered Jordanian-Iraqi "I hriefed him in detail on the situation in Iraq and we discussed Arab affairs and the political situation in general," Mr. Aziz added.

"Concerning the situation in

Iraq, I would like to assure my brothers here in Jordan - people, government and leadership - that the situation in Iraq is

Mr. Aziz, who was leaving for their leaders.

"In Iraq, the leadership and

" Mr. Aziz said. "During the war, and as the

Mr. Aziz said. Asked to comment on reports

Sanaa and Khartoum on similar missions, said that several Iraqi officials would be touring Arah countries after the Eid Al Fitr feast, in the coming week to meet

people are working hand in hand in the reconstruction process and for ensuring hasic services to the people who have been exposed to aggression and the attacks of infiltrators coming from neighbouring countries to tamper with the country's security and stabil-

leadership was dealing with the aggression, cettain armed elements infiltrated the northern regions of traq and did a great deal of damage and looting in the cities and villages, but the Iraqi government took days only to reestablish stability and secur-

that infiltrators and Turkish

Mr. Azia said that if that was true then "Turkey would be placing with fire" because it means in-

terfering in Iraq's atfairs. "In Turkey, Kurds cannot use their language. They are also oppressed in Iran. These countries should remember that interfering in our affairs is a double-edged sword," Mr. Aziz was quoted by Reuter News Agency as saying.

Iraq says it has crushed post-Gulf war rebellions by Kurds in the north and Shiites in the south. Baghdad has repeatedly accused Iran of encouraging the Shiite rebellion and has warned Tehran and Ankara not to help the re-

Nearly 1.5 million refugees from the turnioil in Iraq have fled towards the borders with fran and Turkey after the defeat of the

Mr. Aziz said that Iraq's Kurdish minority, unlike those in Iran and Turkey, had political

Pipebomb explodes in Arab Jerusalem OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R)

- A bomh exploded outside the Old City in Arab Jerusalem while some 100,000 Muslims prayed nearby at on the last Friday of Ramadan there were no injuries or damage, police said.

The charge exploded a few metres from Israeli police eating lunch at the Damascus Gate. main entrance to the Muslim Quarter in the walled Old City. "There was a small eharge, a

small explosion and no injuries. police spokesman told reporters. He refused to link the blast either to the end of Ramadan or U.S. Secretary of State James Baker's mission this week.

Witnesses said police closed Damascus Gate and a main road in Arab Jerusalem and rounded up about 30 Palestinians.

Police were on patrol in Jerusalem when the explosion went off but shrapnel flew away from them, police said. Their lunch

Police deployed extra forces in Arab Jerusalem on Thursday around the Al Agsa compound. Islam's third holiest site, ahead of night prayers by thousands of

Tens of thousands attended the Lailat Al Kadr prayers marking the start of God's revelation to the Prophet Mohammad. It was one of the biggest gatherings of worshippers since police shot dead over 20 Palestinians there in October.

The prayers passed peacefully and tens of thousands of worshippers returned to the mount for prayers Friday.

Police said they barred from Jerusalem Palestinians from the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip on Thursday night. The ban has been in force much of the time since the Gulf war preventing many Muslims from praying at Al Aqsa.

(Continued on page 5) Mubarak

CAIRO (Agencies) - Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak mer Saudi Arahian Foreign Ministet Prince Saud Al Faisal Friday for talks on Middle East peace efforts, Foreign Ministry sources

meets Saud

Prince Saud arrived in Cairo Thursday and met U.S. Secretary of State James Baker.

No details of his Friday talks were made public. During his Middle East tour, Mr. Baker won cautious Egyotian backing and Israeli agreement in principle for the idea of holding a regional Middle East peace con-

ference. But Syria, one of Washington's Gulf war allies, stood by its demand for a peace conference with a significant United Nations pre-

Mr. Baker also got an encouraging response from Saudi Arabia for the scheme.

The regional forum would be

(Continued on page 5)

(Continued on page 5) sive peace and to continue the fore, rush to judgment. You Advance team of Kuwait-Iraq U.N. observers transits Jordan

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter with Agency disparenes

AMMAN — The first group of the United Nations peace-keeping team assigned to the Iraqi-Kuwaiu border arrived in Amman en route to Kuwait from Larnaca Friday.

The U.N. flight, carrying at least 15 members of a 28-strong advance team, arrived here from Larnaca to await final clearance to the emirate. The U.N. aircraft arrived from

Larnaca, Cyprus with Austrian Maj. Gen. Gunther Greindl and 14 other senior officers on board around 9:30 a.m. (0730 GMT) and was still waiting for clearance from Kuwait at 1800 GMT. U.N. sources said that the plane could carry only 15 passen-

gers and that two trips were

needed to transport the whole group to Kuwait. It was not immediately known whether Amman would continue to be used as a stopover for U.N. flights to Kuwait but the aviation source said that the U.N. envoy had sent a letter to the Jordanian authorities notifying them of the overflight and landing of the

U.N. carrier.

"Jordan requires a 70-honr notice before granting overflight or landing permission and we have not received such notification for any other flights," the source, who requested anonym-

But the source added that "the letter (notifying of this flight) does not specify the purpose of the trip.

The U.N. Security Council has unanimously adopted a resoltnon approving plans for a 1440man U.N. Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission (UNIKOM) to patrol a demilitarised zone on either side of the Iraqi-Kuwait border. Monitoring of the border is

ceasefire resolution council passeed last week, A formal Gulf ceasefire replaced the current sixweek-old cessation of bostilities after Iraq accepted the harsb terms set by the resolution.

one condition of the Gulf war

The formal ceasefire went into effect on Thursday, clearing the way for the U.N. peacekeeping force and the withdrawal of U.S. troops from southern Iraq. Dispatches from New York

bave said Security Council Presi-

dent Paul Noterdaeme of Bel-

gium handed Iraqi Ambassador

Abdul Amir Al Anbari a letter

Security Council have formally asked me to note that the conditions (in the resolution) have been met and that a formal ceasefire...is therefore effective." Mr. Anbari told the Belgian

ambassador: "It is a pleasure for me. I bave appreciated your personal efforts, you worked very hard. have not time to reflect

back, I'd rather look to the fu-

ture. We don't feel as isolated as

you might imagine," Mr. Anbari

then told reporters. An informal truce has been in place since the end of Febraury, but a ceasefire could not be declared until Iraq had accepted an April 3 council resolution calling for Baghdad's weapons of mass destruction to be scrapped and part of its oil revenues to be used for reparations.

Last-minute hitches prevented the ceasefire from being declared sooner as several delegations, including the United States and Britain, began to edit Mr. Noterdaeme's draft letter.

"If you send a letter of some importance to 15 delegations you're likely to get suggestions as

(Continued on page 5)

Over 40,000 Iraqi PoWs repatriated so far

From Serene Halasa in Baghdad

OVER 40,000 Iraqi prisoners of war (PoWs) have been repatriated from allied detention since the end of the Gulf war in February, according to a spokesman for the International Committee of Red Cross (ICRC).

"We have (also) repatriated over 5,000 Kuwaiti and allied PoWs." ICRC spokesman Leonard Isler said at a brief press conference held at Al Rashid hotel in Baghdad.

According to Mr. Isler, the ICRC's other main concern is water and sanitation situations in Iraq. "The ICRC attaches great importance to improve the quality of the water supply system within the cities. (by) providing technical assistance," he said.

The ICRC has also extended help hy providing generators and fuel to operate the generators. "We have up till the end of March provided 260 tonnes of fuel. The process is continuing as more fuel is coming everyday from Jordan," he said.

We also have brought in four water lines producing potable water," Mr. İsler said. "We have provided to hospitals potable water, we have installed water tanks with big capacities in Baghdad. and we are trying to improve the sewage system by providing generators," he added. As for fear of widespread epidemics. Mr. Isler said that the ICRC was working hard to improve and provide potable water by starting up generators, and getting spare parts needed for their operation. As for the situation outside Baghdad, Mr. Isler said that the ICRC has "sub-deligations in Basra and Nassitiyah."

"In a few days one of our water line production machines which is currently in Baghdad will be transferred to Basra, to produce potable water for the most vulnerable population, which means the sick, the people in hospitals," he said.

· ICRC activities are also taking place in other cities in Iraq. "We have plans to install a second water line in Nassiriyah. Actually we have four water purification nuies with nig have one here in Al Husseiniah which can produce up to 40,000 hags of potable water a day," he added.

"Water and sanitation aspects have also been carried out in Kirkuk, Nassiriyah, Basra, Najaf, Karhala, Hillah and Irkut," Mr. Isler said.

'Hospitals in Baghdad, Karbala. Najaf, Izmir and Basra have been provided with food for the patients," Mr. Isler said. "These

rations include nine kilos of wheat flour, six kilos of rice. lentils, cheese, tinned fish, and sugar," he added. The ICRC has distributed rations for almost 20,000 hospital beds all over Iraq for the month of April, the spokesman said.

So far, Mr. Isler said, the total budget of the operation has been 140 million Swiss francs. "There is a new appeal being launched because the needs are very great especially in the forthcoming hot season." he said.

Another field the ICRC is busy tackling is Red Cross messages from prisoners of war and tracing activities. "So far we have been able to distribute Red Cross messages, messages to anxious famillies awaiting news from their captured family members," Mr. Isler

The ICRC currently has eighty expatriates working in Iraq. "The ICRC expects more expatriates to arrive, including more sanitary technicians, doctors, and nurses," Mr. Isler said, "We will try together with the health authorities, sanitation authorities and the Iraqi Red Crescent to improve the overall situation in the medical field and also in the sanitation field." he said.

Fresh ICRC appeal

The ICRC has launched a new appeal for 104 million Swiss francs for its relief activities in the region, further to its previous appeal made on January 17, 1991. The financial support which the

ICRC hopes to obtain from the international community will enable the institution to continue and step up its humanitarian activities on the spot, now that an official ceasefire has put an end to the hostilities between Iraq and the countries of the coalition, the ICRC said in Geneva.

To meet the large-scale humanitarian needs created by the conflict, ICRC delegates have been focusing on the repatriation of pitsoners of war and civilian internees, visits to places of detention, tracing missing persons cooperation with the national Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies, providing! emergeny relief designed to pre-

The ICRC is also doing its utmost to provide assistance and protection for the victims of the internal conflict which broke out in Iraq in early March. It has reminded the civilian and military authorities on several occasions that they are duty bound to do everything possible to ensure respect for the basic humanitarian principles which must be preserved in such situations, the all Swiss agency said.





Relief for victims of allied war in Iraq far below required level — Red Crescent

Text and photos by Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Health and sanitation conditions in Iraq are deteriorating at a very quick and dangerous level and urgently needed humanitarian help remains marginal as the international media and relief organisations are focusing attention on humanitarian aid for Iraqi Kurds who have fled Iraq for Turkey and Iran.

In an attempt to address some of the health and sanitation needs faced by the 18 million Iraqis as a result of the Gulf war, the League of the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (LIRCRC1 in Geneva has launched an appeal for greatly needed relief. said a highranking" official of "the "Ifaqi Red Crescent Society upon his return from Genevation ...

cessful in raising half of the SF 35 million (\$16.5 million) for humanitatian and relief supplies which it needs to carry out its mission in Iraq. more than one month after the ceasefire was announced, said Dr. Khaled Abdul Hameed, head of the external relations at the Iraqi Red Crescent Society, on his return from Geneva.

Fahd gives \$100,000 to American

LAS VEGAS (API - King Fahd of Saudi Arabia, "personally

moved" by the shooting death of a Gulf war veteran, presented his

mother with \$100,000, a television network reported Thursday. But

the soldier did not die in the war. Anthony Riggs, 22, was shot to

death on March 18, less than one day after returning to Detroit

from serving with a Patriot missile unit in the war. The widely

publicised slaving at first was thought to be a random street crime.

Police have since arrested Rigg's wife, Toni, and her brother.

Michael Cato, after alleging they killed the soldier to cillect his life

insurance. Both are being held on first-degree murder charges. Two

emissaries from the Saudi embassy in Washington, D.C., delivered

the cheque Thursday for an unspecified amount to Riggs' mother, Lessie, who lives in Las Vegas, said her sister, Bertha Lloyd: Cable

News Network's Los Angeles bureau reported that the gift was for

\$100,000, Lloyd refused to confirm or deny the report Thursday

night and said Mrs. Riggs not available for comment. Officials were

not available late Thursday at the Saudi embassy. King Fahd was

"personally moved by the tragic case of army Spc. Anthony Riggs."

the Saudi emhassy said in a prepared statement read by Lloyd.

"The gift is meant as a token of deep sympathy, personal

condolence and appreciation .. (and) to assuage Mrs. Riggs'

anguish at the sudden and tragic loss of her son, who dispatched his

duties nohly and with great honour during the Gulf conflict," it

CAIRO (AP) - Ninety cases of food poisoning have been reported

after Egyptians celebrated a spring feast by eating salted fish.

Food poisoning cases in Egypt

Arrangements have been made for an Iraqi Red Crescent representative to be stationed in Amman in order to help the LIRCRC and other international relief organisations coordinate humanitarian relief efforts.

Earlier this week at a LIRCRC meeting in Geneva. an agreement was signed to coordinate all activities in the area of relief and sanitation with the Iraqi Red Crescent Society, Mr. Abdu Hameed

He said that despite the fact that numerous organisations have already visited Iraq on fact-finding missions, the actual response of humanitarian and relief organisations has been slow and not in any way proportional to the amount of aid needed in Iraq.

Breakouts of diarrohea dis-eases which cause the death of children in as few as three hours have already been reported by the Red Cross in Baghdad. The Red Cross also reported that at least two cases of polio had been diagnosed. According to Red Crescent officials here no polio cases had been reported in Iraq for the past eight years.

Sanitary and health conditions get worse daily as the

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

weather conditions change and the total breakdown in communications continue to hinder the flow of information from reaching the head office based in Baghdad.

While the Iraqi Red Crescent has chapters in all parts of Iraq and major centres in the northern Iraqi city of Mosul and the Southern Iraqi city of Basra, information about conditions there can only be obtained by visiting the region and lack of fuel makes constant visits by health officials diffi-

The National Committee for Relief in Iraq, headed by Deputy Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Riyad Al Qaysi, has had two meeting to date to coordinate attempts to render humanitarian and relief assist-

The committee has concen-trated on the need to coordinate relief activities so that duplication would not occur. Mr. Abdul Hameed said. Among the relief projects being coordinated was the setting up of field hospitals in areas where medical services are no longer available to the population. Mr. Abdul Hameed warned that if massive governmental

and non-governmental aid was not provided. Iragis would soon face: major catastrophes

salted fish and onions.

newspapers say. At least eight of the cases were fatal. Daily Al

Ahram newspaper said in early Friday edition that at least 90 cases

of food poisoning had been admitted in hospitals in and around

Cairo. The newspaper spoke of shortages of antidotes. Daily Al

Akhbar newspaper said that three members of one family died of

food poisoning after eating salted fish. They said another five

deaths were reported at a private Cairo hospital. Last Monday,

millions of Egyptians celebrated the Sham Al Nessim or smell the

breeze feast which welcomes the start of spring. The feast was first

celebrated by Pharonic Egypt, and part of its tradition is eating

TEL AVIV (AP) — Two Israeli teenagers who illegally sneaked

into Jordan to tour the ancient city of Petra last August were fined

3,000 shekels (\$1,500) each and ordered to do community service.

newspapers reported Friday. The penalties were levied by the Beersheva district court aganist Hananel Shear-Yashuv and Lior

Mizrahi, both 17. The daily Marriv said the case was heard March

17. It did not say why release of the results was delayed. The

maximum sentence for illegal border crossing is four years in prison. The youths had told their parents they were going on a

camping trip, then sneaked into southern Jordan. When they did

not return home after two weeks, Israel used diplomatic interme-

diaries to seek help in finding them. On Sept. 6 they were delivered

to a bridge linking Jordan to the Israeli-occupied West Bank.

Dozens of young Israelis have crossed the border to see Petra since

the 1950s. Judge Aharon Thomshuf was quoted as saying the

conviction and sentences were necessary to deter others.

Israeli teenagers fined for secret trip

which would result in the deaths of hundreds if not

"The most vulnerable in Iraq are the infants and the mothers. They would be the first to die if health and sanitary conditions remain as they are," said a foreign health offi-cial who recently returned from Iraq.

Consignements of medicines and food already ordered and paid for by the Iraqi government long before international sanctions were imposed in August are still frozen at ports and airports all over the world and await interpretation by the U.N. Sanctions Committee before they can be delivered to

Iraq.
Despite clauses in the U.N. sanctions resolution — which exempted food and medicines from the embargo - virtually nothing has entered Iraq since. last August.

Iraq imported 70 per cent-of its food prior to August and imported an average of \$2 million of medicines a month. The Iraqis have not been able to find alternative foodstuffs and medicines. Millions may face starvation if food is not shipped to Iraq immediately, the head of one international relief organisation told the Jordan

Palestinian journalist released from prison

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Palestinian jour-nalist Radwan Abu Ayyash was freed from an Israeli prison Friday after serving five months of "administrative detention" for alleged leadership of the Palesti-

nian uprising. Mr. Abu Ayyash arrived at his home in Ramallah north of Jerusalem and greeted his family with the words "peace to all of yon."

Mr. Abu Ayyash was one of a haif-dozen leading Palesinian fi-gures jailed by Israel over the past six months for anti-Israeli activities stemming from the 40month uprising.

Most were held "administra-

tive detention" rules that allow the jailing of a suspect without formal charge or trial. Among those who remain in

iail are Sari Nusseibeh, a professor of Islamic philosophy at the West Bank's Bir Zeit University: Ziad Abu Ziad, editor of an Arab weekly published in Hebrew, and Dr. Ahmad Al Yazji, a Gaza Strip physician.

Mr. Abu Ayyash, 41, was ordered jailed by Defence Minister Moshe Arens for alleged incitement and helping to run the uprising. He was held in the Jnaid prison near the West Bank city of Nablus, his family said.

The arrest was criticised by Western diplomats and human rights groups because Mr. Abu Ayyash is seen as a moderate leader and a potential negotiator in peace talks.

He also had been jailed for six months by the Israelis in the early months of the uprising.

Mr. Abu Ayyash heads the Arab Journalists Association in the occupied territories. He is one of the few leaders to come out of a refugee camp. He was born in the Al Askar refugee camp near Nablus.

He is married and has three daughters and a son.

In ordering his arrest, Israeli military authorities said Abu Ayyash, was a member of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and had directed "active members of hit squads of Fateh," the mainstream PLO faction. The army never charged

Mr. Abu Ayyash has been named in Israeli court documents as a leader of the Palestinian uprising.

Former Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin said this week Mr. Abu Ayyash was among Palestinians agreed by Israel and Egypt as possible delegates to talks on a now defunct 1989 Israeli plan for elections in the occupied territor-

The plan collapsed last year over Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's refusal to accept U.S. terms for Palestinian representation in the preparatory talks, the same issue which could block Washington's current Middle East peace

campaign.
Mr. Abu Ayyash had regularly
met visiting foreign officials.
Israel rejected U.S. requests

for him and three other ailed Arabs to be freed early so they could join Palestinians who met Secretary of State James Baker in occupied Jerusalem on Tuesday.

Text of ceasefire letter

UNITED NATIONS (AP) - Following is the text of the letter given by the president of the Security Council to the Iraqi ambassador Thursday noting Iraq's acceptance of truce terms and declaring a ceasefire:

"I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your communica-tion dated 6 April 1991 (Document S-22456).

"You thereby transmit to me the letter addressed to me by the minister for foreign affairs of Iraq, the penultimate paragraph of which contains official notification of the acceptance, irrevocable and without qualifying conditions, by Iraq of Resolution 687 (1991), in accordance with paragraph 33 of that resolution.

You have subsequently confirmed to me on behalf of your government, during our meeting on 8 April 1991, that the above-mentioned letter constitutes Iraq's irrevocable and unqualified acceptance of Resolution 687 (1991) in accordance with paragraph 33 of that resolution. You have also transmitted to me the acceptance by Iraq's National Assembly on 6 April 1991 of the aforesaid resolution, and confirmed to me, in the name of your government, the Revolutionary Command Council has used its constitutional powers to make this decision legally binding in the Republic of Iraq.

of the Security Council have, accordingly, asked me to note that the conditions established in paragraph 33 of Resolution 687 (1991) have been met and that the formal ceasefire referred to in paragraph 33 of that resolution is therefore effective.

The members of the council welcome this development as a positive step towards the full implementation of Resolution 687

Last Jewish emigres from Albania arrive in Israel

Jewish immigrants from Albania landed in Israel Thursday after years of isolation in a hardline Communist country that until recently outlawed religion.

The Jewish diaspora of Albania no longer exists," exulted Simcha Dinitz, head of the quasigovernmental Jewish Agency which brought them here.

children stepped off an El Al airliner into Ben Gurion airport. The immigrants said only about

a dozen Jews, most of whom had married Christians or Muslims, chose to remain with family in Albania. In all, the Jewish Agency said

the regime in Tirana began a major liberalisation in December following widespread prodemocracy protests. It said another 30 Albanian Jews had ioined relatives in the United Israeli news reports said the

immigrants were flown to Israel from Italy and Greece. But officials declined comment, saying the countries that helped sought The newcomers arriving from

Malhas, J. Amman ..

Shmeisani Hospital

University Hospital

The Islamic, Abdali

to a two-vear-old. The said Albania's economic

The last 16 men, women and

298 Albanians have come since

anonymity.

Rome ranged from elderly

TEL AVIV (AP) - The last women, through jeans-clad teenagers anxious to start high school,

> hardships were a prime reason for leaving. Bread was scarce and meat was rationed with one kilogramme a week per family. They said the economy worsened after the Albanian government launched democratic reforms late last

> Thousands of non-Jewish Albanians have fled to neighbouring countries in recent months to escape the country's economic crisis.

Unlike the Soviet Jewish immigrants, who number 230,000 since 1989, most of the Albanians insisted they did not suffer from anti-semitism in the five cities m Ablania where they were scattered.

Most of them are descended from Greek Jews who moved to Albania in the 1950s and belong to the Sephardic branch of Juda-

bours hid them from the Nazis, when the Germans occupied part of the country towards the end of World War II.

They say their Muslim neigh-

EC tells Bush it wants role in peace process

European Community (ECI urged President George Bush Thursday to let Europeans have a role in the Middle East process at a time when the United States is pushing a regional conference that would exclude Europe. Israel and Egypt have endorsed

in principle a proposal for region-. al conference that U.S. Secretary of States James Baker is discussing on his current Middle East tour. It would be held under joint sponsorship of the United States and the Soviet Union. EC President Jacques Santer, who is also prime minister of

Luxembourg, and the head of the EC's Executive Commission, Jacques Delors, discussed European concerns in an Oval Office meeting with Mr. Bush. The European Community has many links with the countries of this region of the Middle East.

not only for the historical cultural

JORDAN TELEVISION

clude parties - such as Britain. France, China and the United States -- that Israel regards as hiased. France has long been in favour of an international conference under U.N. auspices. White House spokesman Mar-

to find a formula that will work in establishing a dialogue between Israel and the Arab countries. "In terms of the conference idea, they did discuss it and the

economic point of view," Mr. Santer told reporters after the "I think we can have some

interest and some responsibility in this peace process which is going on now. I hope so," he A regional meeting would ex-

lin Fitzwater told reporters the two EC leaders brought up their Middle East concerns and Mr. Bush emphasised the U.S. goal is

president simply assured them that he was not interested in any idea that shut people out. point of view, but also from the

Tel: 373111-19 PROGRAMME TWO ... Documentary News in French French varieties News in Hebrev . News in Arabic No Job far a Lady Encountei

DOAVED TIMES

22:29 Feature film: "The War Wagon"

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(Sunrise) Du	05.08
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Magh	18:95
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St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfieh. Tcl. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785. St. Joseph Church Tcl. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. Anglican Church Tel. 625383. Tel. 628543. Armentan Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Chorch Tel. 775261.

Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 811295.

The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-

Amman International Church Tel.

St. Ephraian Church Tel. 77175t.

CHURCHES

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Another rise in temperatures will take place and winds will be northwesterly moderate. In Agaba, winds

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 17, Aqaba 26, Humidity readings: Amman 56 per cent, Aqaba 27 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

AMMAN:	
Dr. Adnan Zaghloul	. 89814
Dr. Yousef Rashed	. 89630
Dr. Ahmad Al Daqn	67647
Dr. Abdul Qader Lala	69604
Fire pharmacy	66191
Ferdows pharmacy	77833
Al Ascma pharmacy	
Al Ascina pharmacy	67767
Nairoukh pharmacy	47677
Al Salam pharmacy	44404
Yacoub pharmacy	, , ,,,,,,,
Shmeisani pharmacy	. 60/00

Dr. Mazen Abu Bakr Al Sharaa' pharmacy

Food Control Centre Civil Defence Department Civil Defence Immediate	66111
Rescue	
Civil Defence Emergency Rescue Police 192, 62111	1.63777
Fire Brigade	
Blood annk	
Highway Police	84340
Traffic Police	896390
Public Security Department	63032
Hotel Complaints	
Price Complaints	
Water and Sewerage	
Complaints	89746

EMERGENCIES

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR . 787111 121 .. 010230

Repairs 625101		
Abdali Telephone Resairs 661101		
Jordan Television 773 []		
Radio Jordan 774111		
Water Authority680t00		
Jordan Electricity Authority 815615		
Electric Power		
Company 636381		
RJ Flight Information (R-53200)		
Oucen Alia Intl. Airport (8-53200		
HOSPITALS		

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32

Khalidi Maternity. J. Amn... 64281/6 Akilch Maternity. J. Amn.... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity....... 642362 MARKET PRICES 636140 664171/4 (Mukammar) 450 / 400 650 / 550 .. 669[3] .. 845845

Al-Ahli, Abdali	Cautiflower Cucumbers flarge Cucumbers (small) Dates	140 / 100 200 / 150 380 / 320
Army, Marka	Garlic	250 / 200
ZAROA:	Grapefruit Lemon Lelluce (per one)	300 / 250
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa Natinnal Hospital (09)991071 Ibn Sina Hospital 109/986732	Marrow (large)	200 / 150
Princess Basma Hospital (171)275558	Onion (green)	300 / 250
Greek Catholic Hospital 102)272275 Ibn Al Natees Hospital (02)247100 AQABA:	Orange Pepper [hot) Pepper (sweet)	720 / 650 240 / 180
Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111	Potato	240 / t90

Japan grants JD 300m loan to support economy

AMMAN (J.T.) - The government of Japan has granted Jordan a commodity loan of 59,486 milbon yens, equivalent to approximately JD 306 million, or \$450 million, to support the national economy which has sustained serious losses from the Gulf crisis.

The loan agreement, which has signed Thursday by Minister of Planning Khaled Amin Abdullah and Japan's Ambassador to Jordan Tadayuki Nonoyma provides for Jordan to spread the repayment over 30 years, with a 10year-grace period, with no procurement conditions.

The loan carries an annual interest of one per cent.

Together with the present commodity loan, the total amount of Japan's financial aid to Jordan, to cope with the ecocomic impact of the Gulf crisis, has reached \$700 million, including \$250 million offered last year.

In addition. Japan provided over \$60 million to international organisations for evacuees relief operations, mainly in Jordan, and \$1.1 million worth of blankets, tents, food, medicine and kerosone stoves to Jordan in emergency aid for the evacuees.

The cumulative total of Japan's economic aid to Jordan so far, including soft loans, grants and technical assistance, amounts to JD 891 million or \$1,314 mil-

Following the signing cetemony at the Ministry of Planning.

By P.V. Vivekanand

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordan's plans for a

snpplementary/emergency

budget for fiscal year 1991 to help

returnees from Kuwait and the

Gulf states are being realised and

related projects are expected to

come into being quite soon,

according to officials and eco-

The latest contribution to the

supplementary JD 120 million

budget, which was announced by

the government when it pre-

sented the regular financial prog-

ramme for 1991, came in the form

of a \$10 million World Bank

The government is now expect-

ing co-financing to the World

Bank allocation from Canada and

several members of the Eoropean

Community, Sweden and

The supplementary/emergency

budget was dependent on the

treasury receiving funds over and

above anticipated financial assist-

ance in the regular budget to

offset losses resulting from the

Finance Minister Basel Jar-

danch said last month that exter-

nal assistance to the regular budget was expected to be over

the anticipated amount and thus

the provision for the extra budget

The extra budget will be used

to support the government's

emergency programme to extend

help to the tens of thousands of

expatriates who have been forced

to return home from Kuwait and

other Gulf states in the wake of

the Aug. 2 Iraqi invasion of

The programme involves set-

ting np or expanding infrastruc-

ture, schools, health facilities,

water, power supply, transport

services to cope with the dramatic

increase in consumption as well

as productive projects to absorb

the returnees into the oational

Gulf crisis and the war that fol-

medium-term loan.

Switzerland.

was oo course.

Budget on course

to help returnees

the Japanese ambassador said that the loan was part of Japan's contribution to redoce the adverse effects of the Gulf crisis on Jordan's economy, especially as the Gulf countries have now stopped all aid to Jordan and returned many of the Jordanian expatriates who used to work in the Gulf region.

Jordan, the ambassador said in a statement quoted by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, serves as a key to the Middle East region and plays a nnique role in the area.

The ambassador lauded Jordan's efforts to contribute to further bolstering Japanese-Jordanian ties and paid tribute to His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, who, he said, paid several visits to Japan to bolster bilateral ties.

The Prince's visits, followed by contacts between economists and busioessmeo from the two sides, have contributed towards a better understanding of the Jordan's needs and the investments prospects, the ambassador said.

Dr. Abdullah said that the new loan would be used to finance Jordan's needs of commodities and services from various parts of the world.

The minister lauded Jordanian-Japanese cooperation in different fields and voiced the Jordanian government's appreciation and thanks to the Japanese government for its continued aid to

more or less headed towards

realisation," said a senior official,

"However, the fact remains that

the help that it could actually

extend to meet the actual needs is

limited in view of the high num-

ber of returnees, many of whom

have nothing to their name," he

A Jordanian lawyer, who re-

turned home three years ago and

who has taken a leading role in

relief efforts for the returnees in

the wake of the Gulf crisis,

underlined the magnitude of the

need. "The first person who stood in a line to receive food

supplies from a charity organisa-

tion at a recent distribution was a

doctor who lived in Kuwait for

over 12 years," said the lawyer.

KD 1,500 (more than \$4,500 a

month), had his own villa and a

fleet of cars in Kuwait," he said.

"I was moved when I saw him

standing in line for the relief handont in Amman," he said.

The man was earning around



KING ATTENDS FRIDAY PRAYERS: His Majesty King Hussein attended Friday prayers at the Royal Guard Battalion Mosque and listeoed to the Friday sermon, which was delivered by the Armed Forces Mufti Nooh Suleiman, who reviewed the importance of preaching and guidance in Islam. He noted that the aim of preaching and

ordered them to do. Attending the prayer with the King were His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, His Royal Highness Prince Faisal Ibn Al Hussein, a number of princes, the prime minister, speakers of the Upper House and Lower Honse of Parliament, the chief chamberlain, the private chamberlain and senior military and civil

Democratic Unity Alliance calls for review of Arab role

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordanian Democratic Unity Alliance concluded its annual conference Thursday in the presence of representatives of several Jordanian political parties.

The alliance Executive Committee Chairman Jamal Al Shaer said in an address that the Arab Nation needed to review its role and plans in the aftermath of the Gulf war and called for supporting Iraq and securing its basic needs of medicine and food.

Dr. Shaer said be hoped the national conference which will tackle the national charter, recently drafted by a general committee, should be enabled to deal with the situation in Jordan and the Arab countries comprehen-

Participants in the conference, Dr. Shaer said, should be representatives of all sectors and poli-

It was the sixth in the 63 year

bistory of the academy that

Kodak has received the equiva-

lent of an Oscar for the develop-

ment of innovative technology.

Kodak also received a special

Oscar io 1989, commemorating

the company's 100 years of con-

timuous service to the motion

The academy gives Awards of Merit for "devices, methods, for-

mulas, discoveries or inventions

of special and ontstanding value

to the arts and sciences of motion

pictures which also have a proven

history of use in the motion pic-

The awards are voted on by the

academy Board of Governors

based on recommendations made

by the Scientific and Technical

Awards Committee chaired by

John Bonoer, director, Audio Engineering, Warner Hollywood

Nurses demand

replacement of

foreign labour

By Odeh Odeh

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The general assembly of Nurses and Midwives Association Friday decided to address an appeal to labour and health

ministries and private and public hospitals to terminate the con-tracts of all non-Jordanian nurses

in a bid to make room for Jordamian nurses to replace them.

After a four-hour session, the general assembly stressed the need of finding jobs for the job-

less nurses, who came back from

Kuwait and the other Arab coun-

The assembly also decided to

delegate a team to visit the University of Jordan and Zarka hos-

pitals to study the problems fac-

tries of the Gulf.

picture industry.

ture industry."

Kodak .awarded Oscar for innovation

"He explained to me that all his savings were in Kuwait, and AMMAN (J.T.) - On March 2, 1991, Eastman Kodak Company be did not maintain any account outside the country like many received an Award of Merit from others," added the lawyer. "The the Academy of Motion Picture net result was he had to borrow Arts and Sciences. The award from many to afford a trip back to was given for the development of T-Grain emulsion technology and Amman. It is doubtful whether he will be able to go back."

The story of the doctor is not its use in Kodak's line of "extended range" Eastman EXR col-our negative films.

an isolated one. There are thousands like him who are left penniless after escaping from Kuwait against the backdrop of war. Some are lucky to have stashed away part of their savings outside Knwait, but most are like

"The magnitude of the needs is too high to be met in full," said the official. "But we bave to make do with what is available to

"Some of the projects bave already been off the ground for some time supported by finances from the treasury," said the official. "Now the programmes could be streamlined in line with the flow of assistance that is coming

in.
"But a lot oeeds to be done and the main problem is financing."

tical affiliations of the Jordanian

Chairman of the conference, Mohammad Fadel Al Taber, said in his speech that the alliance had expressed its stand on the Gulf crisis "clearly and frankly." He said the alliance had called in its statements, issued during the Gulf crisis, on the Arab Nation to side with Iraq and support it in confronting the aggressors.

Mr. Taher called on all Jordanian political and union leaderships to unify their ranks and work in harmony to draw a national plan and follow up its implementation in coordination with the state establishments and the active powers in the Arab World" to provide Iraq with everything possible to enable it overcome all conspiracies plotted against it.

Participants in the conference elected a new executive committee for the alliance. The elected members were: Dr. Shaer, Dr. Faisal Kanaan, Dr. Mohammad Al Onran, Wahib Abdo Al Shaer, Mobammad Al Awamleh. Mohammad Abu Eitah, Dr. Wa-Mobammad Fadel Al Zaher, Bassam Ma'ai'ah, Abdul Salam Qamhawi, Ja'far Touqan, Dr. Nasri Al Rabadi, Ibrahim Utour

and Hamadan Al Abbadi. Secretary-general of the Jordanian Communist Party Yacoub Zaiadine, who attended the conference, condemned the brutality

of the aggression waged by the U.S. and its allies on Iraq. He underlined Iraq's right to

possess technology and arms to confront any aggression facing it and threatening its nnity, and stressed the need to solve the Gulf crisis and the Iraqi-Kuwaiti dispute in an Arab framework, away from foreign intervention. The Jordanian People's Democratic Party Secretary General

Ali Amer called for enhancing the democratic option, backing Palestinian unity and overlooking the past stage in the life of the Arab Nation. An Arab Nationalist Movement spokesman, Ahmad Al As'as, affirmed that the Arab

World lacked active leadership and coordination regarding the developments in the Arab arena. He warned of enhancing the concept of regionalism, which, he said, belp partition in the Arab

Mr, Saleh Ra'fat of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) called for establishing stronger relations between the Jordanian and Palestinian peoples to enable them to onfront the challenges in the region, "especially after the re-

cent aggression launched against

Iraq."
Mr. Ra'fat commended the Jordanian people's stand in support of Iraq, against which the U.S.-Atlantic aggression aimed at undermining its military and economic capabilities.

"I am running nut of money fast and I need the money for

> friends and relatives for money." Another banking official, who also preferred not to be named. said that expatriates could wait as long as six months or as little as one month, depending on how

> "If that should take too long, I feel that an alternative method of communications may be sought, the banking official said. "I feel optimistic that people will soon be able to withdraw money even if that means sending certified message to a relative living in Kuwait, authorising him or her to

> The director of the Labour Department in Amman, Awad Tarawneb is advising expatriates to file in their money claims so that they can guarantee faster processing for them to retrieve

tamme that can meet their de-

This method warrants intensive planning, implementation and follow up at the various levels,

In its endeavours to achieve its Objectives, NHF tollows two inter-related paths: a social path and an economic path, she said The social path concentrates on setting up children-related projects, covering areas like family health, notrition, education, recreation, while the economic path focusses on sening up incomegenerating projects

She pointed out that children are one of the major targets of the NHF projects.

Mrs. Multi was elected member of the group, which includes a number of people who have major interest in maternal and childhood issues.

Government helps process claims

Expatriates worry over accounts in Kuwaiti banks

Mufti: protection of children,

standards in the quality of life of

children and adults, NHF has

adopted new development

Mrs. Mufti said that the inte-

grated approach followed by the

foundation put emphasis on the

development of individuals and

communities, "in a manner cap-

able of unleasbing their full

The approach also seeks to

enhance self-reliance through en-

couraging people to participate

effectively in improving the quali-

ty of their life and to be heavily

involved in planning, im-

plementing and evaluating the

various programmes and pro-

Speaking about the methods to

be followed by NHF, Mrs. Mufti

said: "We started discussing the

needs of a complete village or an

for tailoring the necessary prog-

unprivileged area in preparation

jects, she added.

potentials and capacities."

mothers poses challenge

criteria

to developing world

PARIS (Petra) - Director

General of Noor Al Hussein

Foundation (NHF) Ina'am Al

Mnfti Friday said that the lack of

urgent measures to protect chil-

dren, mothers and families was a

great challenge facing Jordan and

Addressing a meeting of an

dvisory scientific group on chil-

dren and family environment, set

up by the United Nations Educa-

ional, Scientific and Cultural

Organisation (UNESCO), Mrs.

Mufti stressed that NHF, in coop-

eration with other non-

governmental organisations, has

high levels of protection for

vulnerable groups, including chil-

dren, who had been hard hit by

the economic deterioration fol-

lowing the Gulf crisis, in the areas

Striving to achieve advanced

of health, education, nutrition.

social welfare.

ocussed attention on achieving

the developing world.

By Maha Addasi Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -- Expatriates are beeoming increasingly concerned about their savings and deposits in Kuwaiti banks, worrying every day whether they will ever retrieve their money.

Soon after the outbreak of the Gulf crisis on Aog. 2 a freeze on all Knwait's assets ensued. Now people in Kuwait have started withdrawing up to 4,000 dinars each month, while people outside Ruwait have not yet able to withdraw any of their savings.

Banking officials, however, are reassuring everyone here who has money in Kuwait that the only reason for delaying the withdrawal of money is the lack of communication between hanks and their corresponding hranches in

"We have not received new orders from the hanks in Kuwait mainly because the only form of contact we have with these branches is the telephone, so there is no way to verify signatures," a banking official who preferred anonymity said. "But the money is inevitably coming. It is only a matter of time," he added.

How much time expatriates will have to wait is another major

basic necessities and school fees." said one expatriate who agreed tn be identified only as Ahmad. "I wish I could know how much longer I have to find myself in the embarrassing situation of asking

fast communication is established and how fast they will get oew orders at the bank.

withdraw money from their accounts," he added.

their money sooner.

According to a report prepared by the Economic and Social Com-mission for West Asia (ESCWA)

 a United Nations agency, it was estimated that expatrates had lost about \$4 billion in hank accounts and assets in Kuwait.

So far thousands of expatriates have given in their claims. "About 11,000 money claims have been filed so far," Mr. Turawneh said. "These claims were each accompanied by papers verifying that each person filing has monetary rights from the time he or she worked in Kuwait,"

Mr. Tarawneh added that these claims were gathered and, on a daily basis, given to officials at the Ministry of Labour where they are studied.

Officials at the Ministry of Labour refused to elaborate on the processing of the money claims saying that they promised complete confidentiality to the expatriates, so the information about how and when these claims are processed is also in confi-

An informed source, who preferred not to be named, said that the money claims are for the expatriates' own good, and they will be processed accordingly.

Mr. Tarawneb said that the door was open once again for the expatriates to file in their money claims. "I advice those people who were unable to file their claims before to do so as soon as possible," he said.

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HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Qureiquera villagers receive food aid

The supplementary budget is

King visits army headquarters

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein Thursday paid a visit to the Armed Forces headquarters where be was received hy the Armed Forces Chief of Staff Gen. Fathi Abn Taleb, his assistants and the Armed Forces inspector general. The King discussed with Abu Taleb a number of issues of interest to the

AMMAN (J.T.) - Agriculture Minister Mohammad Al Alawneh has decided to distribute food aid to citizens in Al Qureiquera village, according to a report published in Al Dustour Arabic daily Friday. The report said that each family in the village would be getting five kilogrammes of rice, two sacks of flour and four litres of oil. The southern Jordan Valley region Agriculture Department will supervise the food distribution process in the village, the report said. Qureiquera village, inhabitted by 3,000 people, is situated in the area of Fadan, in Wadi Araba, 150 kilometres north of Aqaba. Most of the citizens in the village are johless, and depend on army pensions and a monthly sum of money paid by the Ministry of Social Development. The minister's decision follows a visit to the village by Her Majesty



guidance is to help the Muslims follow the teaching of Islam and to adhere to what God had

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Jordan Press Foundation, University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telen: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Page no desert mirage

THE MEETING between the foreign minister, Taher Masri, and U.S. Secretary of State James Baker seems to have ended in making progress but no breakthroughs. As might be expected under the circumstances, the dialogue was necessary, and holding it had to be seen as a positive step. Nebody, however, could have expected it to solve all outstanding problems between the two countries, whether on the course to be taken vis-a-vis tackling the Palestinian problem or normalising relations again.

In his remarks to the press after the meeting yesterday, Mr. Masri made it clear that Jordan was interested in joining a serious peace process that promised fair and just results. This would have meant, as the minister said, that Jordan would in fact attend a peace conference but only if it is based on U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338. This is, by no mere coincidence, the Syrian position as well. The last thing Jordanians and Syrians want is to be involved in a process whereby Israel calls the shots, abetted by the U.S., deflecting all attention from the core issue, which is its occupation of Arab lands and subjugation of its people.

The other point that Mr. Masri raised in his talks with 1-17. Taker is the all-too-important question of Palestinian participation in the conference. While the Kingdom is training and ready to be represented in a joint delegation, Jereaninas insist that it is not for us to initiate such a move. The mission in this approach will be clear to all, we hope, The Palestinians cannot be substituted for in any effort to soive their problem with Israel, and they have designated the FLO as their sole and legitimate representative. Unless the would-be peace makers realise the facts of life in this region, and take them into consideration in their endeaveurs, it will all be an exercise in futility again.

We do not know whether these two issues, important as they are, were the only problems outstanding between the two foreign ministers. For there is easily a host of other issues that need to be discussed and tackled at this stage. But substantive issues in a frank and objective way, there can be little doubt that it could be considered progress made.

As Mr. Baker indicated in a statement earlier, the conflict is so intractable that it was not easy for him to get agreement in one, two or three shuttles in the region. Well, he just has to heep on track and try hard. It may be true that Arabs have not been faultless in their past approaches to peace effects in the past; but, for all we know, Israel has been the meia obstacle to peace. And, based on this, the secretary of state cannot afford to have his efforts derailed by an intronsigent, self-righteous and myopic Israel. The Arabs are not only sincere in their drive for peace: Their political crientation at this point in time dictates that they pursue a peace strategy which will work. The Arabs will do their share, but they want to be assured that peace is the goal. They will take their chances, something they might have then necessed of missing in the past. But they do not want any new chance to be a desert mirage.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

All indications point to the fact that Washington has prepared a plan to hemdate the Palestine problem and end the Arab-Israeli conflict at the expense of the Arab nation through the Baker initiatives now being peddled throughout the Arab region, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily Friday. The Baker plan entails substituting the international conference with a regional parley as was agreed between Israel and the United States during Baker's ralks in Israel and follows the pattern of the Camp David agreements which ended the state of war between Egypt and Israel, the paper noted. By carrying out this plan, the U.S.-Israeli alliance hopes to liquidate the Palestine problem, exclude the PLO from any future negotiations and end the ongoing Palestinian intifada, the paper pointed out. The so-called regional conference which Egypt has reportedely accepted with some reservations is a carbon copy of the Camp David agreements which were rejected by the Arab countries in 1979, said the daily. The United States, the paper added, realises that the liquidation of the Palestine problem and ensuring Israel's dominance of the Arab region can only come through the dismemberment of the Arab nation, and through causing rifts among Arab ranks so that no solidarity among them and no joint action can stand up to the U.S.-Israeli conspiracies. The paper warned against the new danger and called for genuine Arab solidanty to safeguard the Palestinian people's national rights and the future of the Arab nation.

In contrast, another Arabic daily Al Dustour Friday described Friday's meeting in Geneva between Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri and his American counterpart James Baker as an important step in the course of Baker's tour to revive the peace efforts. The paper said that the Masn-Baker meeting reflects Washington's recognition of the Jordanian role in the peace-making process following several attempts to overlook such role. The Geneva meeting, the paper noted, represents a good chance for Jordan to sound out America's ideas with regard to the future of the region and to submit Jordan's views anew. Jordan will continue to remain open-minded and to deal with all ideas with objectivity with the purpose of helping the process of implementing international legitimacy that can end the Arab-Israeli conflict, the paper said. At the same time, said the daily, Jordan will continue to adhere to U.N. Security Council resolutions concerning the Middle East question because these resolutions represent the world community's ideas for settling the disupte. Therefore, it said, any deviation from Security Council resolution should be considered as unacceptable and there can be no alternative to an international conference to implement all the terms of these resolutions

ATLANTA — There is a

general hope, if not belief, that this post-Gulf war period might be a propitious time for resolving the basic Israeli-Palestinian issues. I share this hope as, apparently, do Secretary of State James Baker and President George Bush. One necessary but missing

ingredient during the last 10 years has been a coherent and persistent effort by top U.S. officials to seek peace between Israel and her neighbours. Under Richard Nixon and Gerald Ford and myself, with Secretaries of State Henry Kissinger, Cyrus Vance and Ed Muskie, everyone knew that this issue always occupied a high place on the American foreign policy agenda. Since then, preoccupation with El Salvador, Grenada, Nicaragua, Panama and the rapidly changing events brought about by Mikhail Gorbachev in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe have often pushed basic Middle East issues aside.

bia last week, the police comman-

der complained there were no

done. There are still no police-

Kuwait is not working. Two

"greasy spoons" have opened in

Salmaiva, but six weeks after the

Iragis were kicked out, there are

still long queues outside the food

shops, fresh water supplies are intermittent, electricity is un-

functioning on an emergency

basis. The best hotel in town,

where rooms are rented out at

It is not just law and order that

concerns the traumatised families

living in this oil-rich emirate. The

rot starts at the top. Authority is

vested in the emir, but day-to-day

affairs are left in the hands of his

cousin, Saad, who is both crown

prince and prime minister. Even

his supporters concede he is not

the most dynamic of men. Fore-

politics, without the humour.

of the subjects. Recently, he au-

thorised the Kuwaiti army to

search Palestinian homes in the

Hawali district for hidden

weapons. The search was called

off at the last moment, but only

after the forceful intervention of

the U.S. ambassador and senior

ple of political ineptitude also

This hitherto unrevealed exam-

military officers.

matches for its guests.

men on the streets.

Hope on the Israeli-Palestinian front

Another prerequisite for success is the direct involvement of the people most responsible for the next step toward peace. The Camp David accords and the subsequent Israeli-Egyptian peace treaty were realized because we dealt with the two powers involved, Egypt and Israel. The United States was considered to be both fair in its approach and concerned about the interests

Whether or not the president and the secretary of state will stay personally involved in spite of the inevitable delays. disappointments and political repercussions remains to be seen. It is clear, however, that the United States is not going to deal directly with the broader Palestinian community. This can be set aside for a time. Until the PLO revokes the

of both sides.

By Jimmy Carter

for Israel's destruction, its leaders cannot play a direct role in the unfolding diplomatic process.

It is encouraging that Secret-

ary Baker met with a delegation of Palestinians from the occupied territories during his recent visit to Jerusalem and that the PLO sanctioned the meeting. This channel can fill a crucial need, as was indicated last year in the ariempt to implement Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's initiative, which could have led to some progress in consummaring a phase of the Camp David process. Ir is necessary for Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza to negotiate, not only on transient issues like election procedures but also on more general issues that involve the interests of all Palestinians.

Israelis and Palestinians living under occupation are becoming increasingly alienated from each other. If addressed

sensitively, Camp David principles (adopted officially by the Israeli Knesset and now accepted by many key Arab leaders) can be used to increase confidence and reduce animosity. Palestinian leaders could call publicly for an end to inrifada

violence as their universities and schools are reopened and some genuine elements of autonomy are granted unilaterally ro Palestinian communities. These latter suggestions have originated among prominent members of the Likud government. During the Camp David negotiations, it was Prime Minister Menachem Begin who strongly advocared

"full autonomy" for the Palestinians.

In addition to sustaining its own role in peace efforts, the United States should seek strong support from the U.N. Security Council in sensitive diplomacy and from wealthy Arab states in providing financial assistance to peaceful projects in the Palestinian community. Such major projects as those involving water, marketing of products, tourism, mining, job training and improved health, housing and education could provide common benefits to all those who live in

the region. Israelis, Palestinians and Arab neighbours need not fear attempts to reconcile differences. Opportunities shoud be grasped to let each side show good intentions. It must be

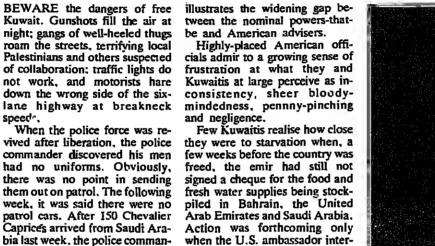
remembered that any conclusion of a peace effort must be unanimous, voluntary and clearly a victory for both sides. Maximalist demands do not have to be abandoned at the beginning of a negotiation process, but each step has to contain proof that each concession made is clearly exceeded by benefits to be derived. These explorations can best

be done in private, until some consensus is reached on a common approach. Public announcements of incremental steps or proposals almost guarantee incremental but firm rejection. If not completely successful in the immediate future, such good-faith efforts could contribute greatly to the alleviation of tension and the strengthening of moderate forces, particularly in Israel and the occupied territories. This would at least help lay a foundation for future progress.

The above article is reprinted from the International Herald Tribune under the same headline.

Kuwait is not working yet

By Shyam Bhatia



He told the crown prince: Last week, police officials "Fine, we're prepared to let you let 10,000 people die of starvaannounced the new cars (and tion. It's up to you. We can only their crews) would be mothhalled advise you, we can't do it for because they required a change of engine oil every few months and there was no one in the force who

vened.

Later it was the Americans understood how that should be not the Kuwaitis - who supervised the thousands of tonnes of push packages" that were loaded on to Kuwait-bound lor-

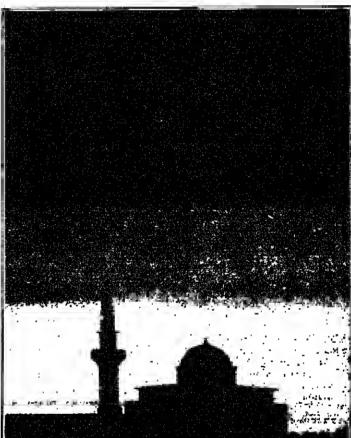
Each package contained water, medicine and seven basic food items - rice, flour, tomato paste, cooking oil. lentils and sugar. Within a week of entering available in some parts of the Kuwait, the food was made available through government cocity, and essential services are operatives; it was the least that could be done for a population that had lost the means to support \$300. is unable to supply a box of

Evidence of royal tightfistedness surfaces as early as the end of last December. The Americans were concerned Saddam Hussein would carry out his threat to burn the oilfields. The emir was urged to sign a contract with oil fire-fighter Red Adair. Prompt action was required because, it was pointed out, it would take eight weeks to order

specialised equipment. igners who are charitable about The emir refused to sign. He him say he is a bit like Pooh Bear. did not want to pay anything that with a Peter Sellers approach to would have amounted to a retainer fee for Adair and his crew. He is the man who makes the vital decisions that affect the lives

And so ir rook an extra six weeks to get the fire-fighters into position. The Kuwaitis estimate the fires are costing them \$100 million a day.

Last October, the Kuwaiti for help in the reconstruction of by setting up a task force. It was projects, because the emir had



Heart of darkness: Black cloud from burning oil fields in Kuwait

departure.

but. as an American source explained: "We try as much as possible not to do anything ourselves. It's really a whisper in the ear. You get the night people together and try to make it hap-

At their offices in Washington, members of the task force drew up worst-case scenarios of what they would find inn Kuwait after the war. They predicted total destruction, and drew up plans for every government department. It was hard work - but harder still to interest Kuwaiti officials working our of their

nearby embassy. The result was that by the middle of last January, the Americans had an operational plan for running the country for the first ambassador in Washington wrote 90 days after the Iraqi departure. to President George Bush to ask But there was no response whatsoever from the Kuwaitis, so the country. Mr. Bush responded there could be no start to vital

emergency services to begin with volved. By mid-January only three or four contracts bad been signed. Another 300 were signed in February, but only because the task force was in Saudi Arabia by then and was better able to push action. The delay in making decisions has pushed local issues to the point of crisis, which confuses the Americans and makes it more difficult for them to plan their

> Some Americans suspect the emir would like them to slay to run the country, like General MacArthur ran Japan after the World War II, although this has been firmly ruled out. The Americans argue they do not have the resources to do so, and are anxious not to get bogged down in a foreign country where they could become a focus of resentment.

The American dilemma was summed up in the debate about internal security. The task force recommended that the military be withdrawn from the streets

trained to handle civil unrest. Agreement was reached in principle, but in practice the job of maintaining law and order was left to soldiers, some of whom were given only a week's training for civi duties. "Thank God these people are, frankly, passive," one American said, "In most parts of the world you give a young kid a gun and put him out there with that kind of power, and bingo, a riot. In a lot of parts the world you give them that kind of power and they bave an incentive to use

The same paralysis in decisionmaking has meant that prisoners in Kuwaiti jails have to endure intolerable living conditions because no one is willing to take the responsibility of moving them to temporary quarters until the new jail is ready. The result is that 475 Palestinians, Sudanese and other suspects have been crammed into a building near the military bospital which can sensibly accommodte fewer than 100.

Some of the delays can be explained by sheer incompetence or laziness. Last month the Ministry of Interior asked the American Air Force if it could use their giant Galaxy C5 aircraft to transport compoters to Kuwait City. When the Americans said it would be cheaper and quicker if they used their own fleet of Boeing 747s, the Kuwaitis explained that the unloading equipment for the Boeings bad been

stolen by the Iragis. A few days later, an American officer visiting Kuwaiti International Airport was told by airline officials that the unloading equipment had been recovered and Kuwaiti cargo planes were ready to fly to any destination. The good news was passed to the relevant official at the Ministry of Interior, who telephoned the American embassy to ask: "How

do I contact Kuwait Airways?" It is not just the Americans wbo throw up their bands in frustration. During the occupation, the local resistance became experts at food distribution, rubbisb disposal and essential maintenance to keep the electricity and water supplies flowing. Yet, just one day after liberation. food disappeared from the shops, rubbish piled up on the streets.

water and electricity were cut. To be fair, the Iraqis sabotaged the electricity plants, but the key issue was the return of the "outsiders." They set up new commitassumed the task force would run not approved the expenditure in- and replaced with a security force tees that took days to reach

agreement on issues such as repairing the transmission lines or bread quotas for families.

As bread stocks piled up, Kuwaitis were obliged to queue for hours outside bakenes, because security guards insisted on the minute inspection of every identity card. One guard explained: "Some people can't be trusted. They keep coming back for extra bread, which they sell on the black market."

The chronic incompetence has encouraged the opposition to band together and demand fundamental political reforms. Nasserites have joined hands with Muslim fundamentalists to insist on a return to parliamentary democracy and the freedoms guaranteed by the 1962 constitu-

Sadly, as the opposition has discovered, the royal family cannot be relied on to bonour the commitment to political change. Despite specific promises made in Taif and subsequently repeated, parliamentary democracy and a return to constitutional rule is the least attractive option as far as thesemir is concerned. "We have to have something better than parliament," the crown prince told flocal Kuwaitis last month.
All they ever do in parliament is

attack the ministers. American thinking on the issue is exactly the opposite. "Allowing the democratic process to start is the only way they can save themselves," says an American offi-

Lined up against the American preference are the views of the Saudis and other Arab neighbours. They fear democratic reforms in Kuwait would have a domino effect and lead to similar demands within their own coun-

Much will depend on what the Kuwaitis themselves are able to achieve. Amid the clutter of the Dasman Palace, there was a ray of hope last week in the shape of the emir's younger sister, who had stayed behind during the

occupation. She surprised palace guards by arriving unescorted one morning, dressed in jeans and her favourite polo T-shirt. Sheika Asmal kicked aside the discarded Harrods cartons and faded velvet jewellery boxes left behind by the Iraqis, and, amid clouds of dust, started cleaning up her brother's bedroom. As she explained, she just wanted to get on with the job - The Observer.

Where is superman Bush when Arabs and Israelis need him? By Leslie H. Gelb

man. James Baker, has flown off to the Middle East because the right man, George Bush, is not nearly ready to go. Secret-ary of State Baker does not have the clout to break down the granite-like stalemate between Arabs and Israelis. President Bush might have it.

Mr. Bush is the most feared U.S. president ever in Israel, and the most admired ever among Arabs. The Israelis know that he does not need Jewish support for re-election. The Arabs know that they owe-

him for defeating Iraq.
After his triumph in the Gulf war, Mr. Bush must feel like Superman. But he lied immobilized. like Gulliver, bound by bis dread of Middle East Lilliputians capable of sapping all his powers. He appears to be afraid of putting his enormous political capital. and himself, at any risk - even though all his aides say he is convinced that the moment to strike for peace is now.

In a way, Mr. Bush is as

much a victim of his Middle

East negotiating straregy as of his political caution. That strategy posits two tracks. Track One asks for

confidence-building measures between Arab states and Israel; for example, the Arabs lift their economic boycott against Israel, and Israel reopens Palestinian universities. Track Two seeks Israeli-Palestinian talks, with the goal of trading Israeli-occupied land for peace.

The strategy looks like the old and sound incrementalist plan. But it is, in essence, a micro-incrementalist approach. It calls for tiny steps, and such steps will take a lot of time to produce momentum. By then, Mr. Bush's victory toga will be frayed.

Strategy is at odds with power. Mr. Bush's power is at its peak, but the strategy does not call on him to use it until later, perbaps long afer the "moment of opportunity" has passed.

Nonetheless, guided by this strategy, Mr. Bush dispatched Mr. Baker to the Middle East a month ago, armed with ques-



tions to test the strategy. The secretary returned with the good news that all the parties saw the war's aftermath as an "opportunity" for peace. The White House soon put

out the word that Mr. Bush would don his Superman cape and fly to the Middle East. Then he realized that no one actually had given Mr. Baker even a modest concrete con-

It began to dawn on the White House that possibly the war had not altered Arab-Israeli animosity. Perhaps officials also sensed that Mr. Bush's hero's lap around the region might become an embarrassing procession of questions about Arab-Israeli

So White House officials sbelved the tour and waited for the Arabs and Israelis to answer the Baker questions. And they waited. And they received Middle East visitors. And, whatever these visitors said privately, their leaders back home were hardening their public positions.

"There is clearly a danger of losing the moment," a key administration official opined. "If we don't get action soon, the Middle East states will revert to form."

Thus was conceived the present Baker journey. Margaret Tutwiler, the State Department spokeswoman, launched it with these uplifting words: "So I would, if I was going to characterise it, say this is yet another step in his step-by-step process."

Administration officials are guarding the contents of Mr. Baker's brief with titillating discretion. Here is all they will say: He will press for answer to his earlier questions. He might sketch out some sort of region-

al conference to trigger bilateral Arab-Israeli talks. He will nor put pressure on anyone. He will have some ideas about "rrade-offs" and possible "U.S. guarantees of settlements." He will speak about Mr. Bush's commitment and impatience.

As for now, however, Mr. Bush will remain firmly planted in the far background. His advisers agree that Mr. Baker must first line up the pieces of peace before the president is wheeled into action. "We have to have a better sense if talks will work before taking them to the next level," a key official explained.

Maybe. But the 1978 peace between Israel and Egypt points to the opposite course of action. Jimmy Carter, generally no great shakes as a leader. knew what to do then. He took the talks right up to his leveland put himself directly on the firing line at Camp David. This remains the only successful model for a Middle East peace International Herald

Masri

(Continued from page 1)

"The United States and the European Community will combine their efforts to help those unfortunate people," said Mr. Poos, whose country currectly chairs the EC.

Mr. Baker also outlined plans for a Middle East conference. "It's difficlut to divulge details in this pre-negotiation phase hut we have not detected differences

hetween the EC and U.S. approaches," Mr. Poos said.

Gulf force

(Continued from page 1)

everyone has their own hrilliant ideas for making the text more deathless." one U.S. official quoted by Reuters said.

Mr. Anbari said Iraq, with 6.000 years of civilisation, had a "bright future" but that ues to Kuwait depended on the "other side as well.

But he said that the Security Council in Resolution 687. adopted on April 3, had exceeded its authority under international law in interfering in Iraq affairs and its squabbling over the letter written to him was unnecessary.

He said the council was dominated by the United States, which bas "not exactly" a friend of

About 32 nations have volunteered to contribute manpower for patrolling the 200-kilometres long border hetween Iraq and Kuwait.

The ceasefire is an unusual one as U.S. forces are still in southern Iraq. The Bush administration warned Iraq Wednesday not to carry out any military activity against Kurds in northern Iraq.

Aziz

(Continued from page 1)

rights and were treated with respect. He said that Iraq would solve the problems with the Kurds based on democratic prin-

Referring to the refugee prohlem, he said that foreign countries were trying to create a problem and justify their interference in Iraq's internal affairs. "At present, the Iraqi government is supplying the people in the north with basic needs and appealing to the refugees to return to their towns and villages," Mr. Aziz

Referring to relations with Arab countries, Mr. Aziz said Iraq welcomed a move towards opening a new chapter with other Arah countries. Such relations. he added, should he founded on firm and solid basis and on the charter of the Arah League and the resolutions of the various Arah summit meenings.

Earlier Mr. Aziz met with Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri to review the general situation in the Arah region and inter-Arah

Syria

(Continued from page 1)

Washingtoo would do to implement U.N. resolutions 242 and 338, replied:

The best formula for those resolutions, which create really a framework for negotiations, is for the parties to at long last sit down and directly negonate their differ-

Mr. Baker said the aim of the

Post-war optimism fading among Americans — poll

WASHINGTON (AP) - Optimsim that swept over Americans following the allied triumph in the Gulf is beginning to fade. according to a poll published in Friday editions of the Washington Post.

Concern over the economy and other domestic problems overshadowed by the war with Iraq. are resurfacing, the poli showed. Fifty-one per cent of those questioned said the country is pretty seriously off on the wrong track. up from 39 per cent in a

victory over Iraq. Forty two per cent of those questioned said the country was moving in the "right direction."

late February in the first flush of

down from 58 per cent. The wrong track-right direction question is one frequently used to gauge how Americans view the country's well being. In the poli. 1.000 randomly selected adults 18 or older were interviewed by telephone April 5-9. The margin of uncertainty

wasthree percentage points either

The poll found President George Bush's popularity off somewhat, although still extraordinarily high. Among those questioned 78 per cent said they approved of the joh Mr. Bush was doing, down from 90 per cent at war's end.

the poll puts him back to about where he stood in January, before the fighting got under way. Forty-nine per cent said the

economy was getting worse while

conference was to end the Arab-Israeli conflict and that the name oppositionists'. In a bid to cover or shape of the forum was not up the Pasdaran's attacks on garrisons of the national liberation We both agreed there was a army of Iran, he repeated that it was the Mujahedeen who had

window of opportunity here to move the peace process forward and we should try not to miss that

U.S. plans

(Continued from page 1)

Major proposed earlier this week that an enclave be established for the Kurds within Iraq.

Mr. Churkio said the Soviet Union, home to 152,000 Kords, was concerned aboot the status of an enclave.

"The creation on Iraq's territory of enclaves for Kurdish refugees will put the Security Council in an awkward situation of determining the borders and legal status of such a zone," Mr. Churkin said.

Iran said Friday more than a million fragi refugees had crossed its borders.

President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani accused the West of ignoring the refugees' plight after provoking the rebellions.

Reports from the mountainous border region, where heavy rain has made conditions even harsher for refugees, spoke of more than 20,000 Iraqis daily, with only third of them being supplied with

"You (Iraq) are mistakeo. We are really not interfering in Iraqi affairs." Mr. Rafsanjani told a weekly prayer meeting at Tehran University.

"It is true that oppressed Iraqis who are in Iran have crossed the 1,200 kilometres border and lauoched a campaign against you. But we are responsible for this. We are not responsible for protecting your borders."

Iran has repeatedly denied Baghdad's charges that it sent saboreurs across the border to tan rebellioo.

But the main Iranian opposition group said Mr. Rafsanjani "hluntly admitted the mullahs" regime's interference in Iraqi territory." "for the past month. Rafsanjani has been personally directing the infiltration and attacks into Iraqi territory, and for this purpose. March 13-16 he staved at the Revolutionary Guards corps' Ramazan operational garrison in Kermanshah." the Mujahedeen-e-Khalq said in

a statement Friday. "During the Friday prayers, Rafsanjani claimed that the in-

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Mr. Bush's approval rating in

18 per cent said it was improving and 31 per cent said it was staying flitration was limited to 'Iraqi

crossed the Iran-Ira border," it "Rafsanjani is confessing when there can be no doubt, after April 1, about the fTehran) regime's extentive military interference in Iraqi territory to suppress the Mujahedeen and efforts to set up an Islamic regime in Iraq," it

Iran and Iraq each harboured opponents of the other during their 1980-1988 war. Iranian Revolutionary Guards trained and organised Iraqi dissidents.

Mubarak

(Continued from page 1) chaired by the United States and attended by the Soviet Union, Israel and Arab states.

Mr. Mubarak said Thursday the Arabs should get together, put the divisions of the Gulf crisis behind them and act in unison to solve huge new problems it cre-

Iraq's invasion of Kuwait last August was "an Arab nuclear explosion at the political level," Mr. Muharak said Thursday night, and a new spirit of conciliation is necessary to survive the fallout.

"This post-ordeal stage requires a complete review leading to a plan for collective Arah action," he said at a religious rally. "This should avoid the pitfalls of the past, prevent a recurrence of mistakes and lead to a bright future in which our (Arah) Nanon would lead the free and dignified life it deserves."

Egypt led Arah opposition to the Kuwait invasion. Mr. Mubarak sent 38,500 troops to the Gulf region to join the U.S.-led military coalinon against Iraq. The six-week war ended on Feb. 28.

"The evildoer should he punished to the extent of the evil he committed," Mr. Mubarak said, referring to Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

He did not say how this could be done hut said in meting out measured punishment, "we should avoid senoments of revenge, grudge and hatred, replacing all this with true brotherly

The president also called for greater democracy in the Arab countries, arguing that the Gulf crisis would not bave occurred if there had been democracy io

Hunger and desperation in southern Iraq

By Wafa Amr The Associated Press

BASRA - War and rebellion have turned this city into a

stinking hell. Barefoot children fight through swarms of flies to collect water from muddy puddles rank with the decaying bodies of animals.

Mothers' teed their habies starch for lack of milk.

one million people in 1980. was hammered by artillery during the 1980-88 war with Iran. It was pounded by allico bomhs during the war for Kuwait. 40 kilometres south

The remnants were devastated by fighting between the government and Shi'ita Muslim rebels that followed the Gulf war.

Troops have largely crushed the rebellion, although the rat-

"I was sitting at home when the insurgents forced their way in," said a 16-year-old named Hussein. "They raped my sister and mother, killed my father and then killed my mother. "I ran for my life but was shot in the leg," he said. Majida Mustafa, mother of a hospitalised twomonth-old child, said her family had eaten only rice during the three weeks Basra was controlled by rebels. "We had rice for breakfast, lunch and dinner," she said.

Patients are dying undiagnosed and almost untreated in hospitals shattered by shellfire and stripped of their medicine during fraq's month-long civil war.

The city Western reporters visited this week bore little resemblance to "the Venico of the Middle East" that was Basra a decade back,

The port city, which held

tle of gunfire could still be heard in the distance and both soldiers and residents said the area remained unsafe.

'Adults and children have died and are still dying from severe malnutrition and diseases we cannot confirm (diagnose) because of the lack of equipment and medicine. said Dr. Salem Bakos of Al Taltrir Hospital.

Doctors said Al Tahmr, riddled with bullets inside and out, was the only functioning

hospital in town. During the last two weeks. five habies less than cight months old have died here.

said Dr. Bakos Dr. Mohammad Jassem said the facility was receiving about two dozen patients daily seffering from severe dehydration or other criticial conditions.

Dr. Bakos accused the rebels of looting the hospital's stores, destroying its equipment, stealing or burning its ambulances and expelling its

Reporters, visiting after the fighting had ended, were unable to confirm how the damage had been caused

The streets of the city were littered with the stinking bodies of dead animals, some gnawed by parks of reving dogs and swarmed by flies and mosquitos.

Women and children colected water from the nearby Shatt Al Arab waterway carrying 2,800 kilometres of apstream pollution, or from muddy puddles - some fouled with the bodies of animals.

"We don't care if the water is clean. We need water and this is what we have," said a 15-year-old boy who gave his name as Hussein.

Residents said municipal water supplies ended with allied bombing on Jun. 17. Government food deliveries stopped during last month's rebellion, leaving residents to

tely on the black market. If food products are found in the black market, the prices are usually very high. We cannot afford to buy it and feed our children," said Samita-Hussein, a mother of featwhose husband is missing on the Gulf wat from:

At the black market, vendors write sold tomatoes and curambers scattered on the dirt in front of them under a Manket of insects. The odor of dirt and dead inimals filled the

"I have received no money for two and a half months, so we are from our food stock that we stored before the war, and this has finished." Said one Basra woman, Hamida

Mahanimad She said she can now feed her children only once each **** Javs

i begeed my neighbours for statch and naved it with water as a substitute for milk," she

Another Basia wenter and she sent children to beg in the streets while gathered water and took her infant, suspect of having cholera, to the hospital-

Some patients there wild et rebel atmosties

"I was sitting at home when the insurgents force their way in," said a lo-year-old named Hussein, "They raped my 80% ter and mother, killed my father and then killed my ग्रस्थher

"I can for my life but was shot in the leg," he said Majida Mustafa, mother of a hospitalised two-month-old child, said her family had eaten only rice during the three weeks Basia was controlled by rebels.

We had rice for breaktast. limeh and dinner," she said-Her family of H had taken if two weeks to go through a c 50-kilogramme bag of rarewhich had cost 350 dinars \$1,120 at the official rate, but 3

less than \$70 at the free market a value of the dinar-Reporters saw heavy damage to several mosques. The li-Al Adilla Mesque, which had been a rebel headquarters, was a almost demolshed by shell-

"The opposition thought I they would be safe in the : mosques, so they shot at the

ques " said Hir Nazir He said many readents at first iomed the rabels. That the massacres and suffering of the people inflicted by the apposi-tion held them back."

Rebel Yeltsin poses major challenges to Gorbachev

By Ron Popeski

MOSCOW - Boris Yeltsin, combative leader of the Russian Federatioo, has overcome repeated sethacks to eobance his reputation with an adoring poblic and confroot the Kremlio over what be sees as a swing hack to

In his latest tactical victory, Yeltsin secured broad powers from the Russian parliament to deal with his republie's economie morass. The session was initially called by hardliners seeking his removal.

He also won agreement to stage a June election to an executive presidency - a contest he is almost certain to win - which would give him an anprecedented power base to take on Mikhail Gorbachev's Kremlin.

Once the protege of the Soviet president. Yeltsin has waged a fierce battle against official policy since his eviction from the Communist Party Politburo in 1983. Last February, he demanded Gorhachev's resignation.

In less than a year since the Russian parliament elected him as its chairman of a scant four votes, Yeltsin has blazed a trail against any return to conservative Unrelenting barbs by the Com-

munist press and top officials. including Gorbachev himself, served only to bolster Yeltsin's reputation as the ebampion of the long-suffering Soviet workers. He stormed out of last July's

key Communist Party congress,

abandoning his membership along with a group of radicals. Less than a month later, he and

Gorbachev appeared to come to an agreement on putting the ailing economy on a fast-track "500day" plao to introduce market That consensus was fleeting

and Yeltsin was soon back on the offensive against Gorhachev's retreat into a more eautious approach to overturning seven decades of command economics. He then turned his attention to putting teeth into a "sovereignty

declaration" issued last summer

to prise Russian control over its vast natural resources away from the ceotre. When Gorbachev held a referendum last month on the future of the Soviet Union as a "renewed federation." Yeltsin staged his own vote on the execu-

tive presidency and won a bandsome 70 per cent support. In January, he defied the Kremlin by flying straight to Estonia to strike cooperation deals with the Balne republics the day after 14 people were killed in confrontations with troops out-

side Lithuania's main television Yeltsin became the Soviet Unioo's most popular politician with his drive to hasten the pace of reform, for which he was sacked from the junior ranks of the party Politburo.

He bounced back in parliamentary elections in March 1989. taking 89 per cent of the Moscow vote to win the bcountry's largest grassroots mandate in its first

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muln'-candidate elections.

Seven months later Yeltsin was held up to public ridicule when Soviet leaders accused him of seeking to boost his popularity by telling police someone had tried to kill him by pushing him into the Moscow River.

Yeltsin said Gorbachev was trying to purge him from public life hy allowing the incident to be raised in parliament.

He made another comeback in March 1990, defeating 11 other candidates to win a seat for the Urals industrial city of Sverdlovsk in the assembly of Russian Fed-

eration. In a bitterly critical book, Yeltsin charted his often tormented relationship with Gorbachev, a

man he called "my perpetual opponent, the lover of half-mea-

Gorbachev plucked Yelstin from Sveidlovsk in 1985 and brought him to Moscow to help to push his new "perestroika" policies and root out tampant corruption in the party machinery.

As Moscow party chief, Yeltsin tackled food shortages, overcrowding and bureaucratic bungling to win repute as one of the men most closely in tune with Gorbachev's reforming spirit.

He was fired from the Moscow job at a meeting of the policymaking central committee in November 1987 after he complained that the party's echelons and a grandson.

FOR RENT at MOVING

were not pursuing reform vigo:-

ously enough. Boris Nikolayevich Yelisin was born on Feb. 1, 1931, into a Urai mountain peasant family at a time when dictator Josef Stalin was forcing the collectivisation of farms and transporting thousands of wealthier farmers to Siberia.

He grew up in Sverdlovsk, studying at the Urals Polytechnic Institute, and graduated as a construction engineer in 1955, joining the party in 1961.

Local party chief from 1967 to 1985, he joined the party central committee as a full member in 1981. He has a wife, Naya, two daughters, two grand-daughters

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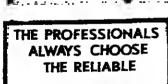
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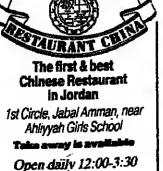
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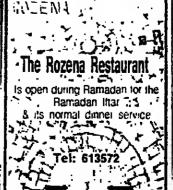
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Sabatini breezes to victory in third-round Florida match

AMELIA ISLAND, Florida (R) - American Luanne Spadea became another of second seeded Gabriela Sabatini's victims in a 6-0, 6-1 third-round match at the \$350,000 Bausch and Lomb Championships.

Third-seeded Arantva Sanchez Vicario moved into the quarterfinals with a 6-3, 6-1 victory over American Halle Cioffi and fourth-seeded Zina Garnison beat Greece's Angeliki Kanellopoulou

The fourth-ranked Sahatini can be considered the toughest tennis player in the world. She barely makes any errors which leaves her opponents little opportunity to challenge.

"In the match I felt pretty good, hut I have a little cold." Sabatini said, "I'm pretty satisfied with the way I played."

If Sabatini reaches the final and gets the night combination of computer bonus points, which are based on the rankings of her opponents, she could displace Martina Navratilova and become

the number three player in the world. If this occurs, ir will be the first time Navratilova's been our of the top three since 1977.

Quarterfinal painings pit topseeded Steffi Graf against sixthseeded Natalia Zvereva, Sabatini against fifth-seeded Helena Sukova. Sanchez Vicano against seventh-seeded Leila Meshki and Garrison against American Patty

Sabatini comes on court with no doubts - she believes she can win and her game doesn't let her

She raced to a 10-game winning streak - losing three points in five service games. A few mistakes by Sabatini finally let the 243rd-ranked Spadea hold her serve in the 11th game.

Sabatini struggled to hold her own serve in the 16 point, 12th game — that's when Spadea had her only break point in the match. The Argentinian broke Sapdea at 30-40 in the final game when the American hit a back-

"She started putting pressure on me in that (11th) game." Sabatini said. "She started to come to the net. She played better in that game."

The fifth-ranked Sanchez Vicario is a baseline expert, venturing to the net occasionally and only when it's a sure-bet.

Sanchez Vicario broke the 77th-ranked Cioffi's serve at 15-40 in the fifth game of the first

In the second set, Sanchez Vicario cruised to a 3-0 lead until Cioffi beld her serve in the fourth

At her own admission, the eighth-ranked Garrison is not a natural to clay court surfaces. although she won this title back in 1985. Her wins here are not easy. but she's managing to pull them

"If I ever win a match easy on this stuff it would kill me," admit-

The 72nd-ranked Fendick is

shocked by her advancement into the quarterfinals - she beat Brenda Schultz 6-3, 6-4.

"I have no clue what I'm doing," said Fendick, who is playing her first clay court event in eight years. "I have no explanation, but I love it. I'm having a blast.

"I think about each match. I don't look ahead," said Sabatini. who stayed on course for a possible showdown with Graf for the

"I hope to play her in the final," she added. "But, of course, I have to keep winning." Bruguera upsets Becker "I think it's going to be a very good match," said Sanchez Vicar-Bruguera of Spain upset topio, who has reached the final of seeded Boris Becker of Germany one tournament and the semifin-6-2. 6-4 in the third round of the als of two others this year, but is still seeking her first title. Conde de Godo Tennis Tourna-

"I know (Meskhi's) playing well and beat some good players (last week), so it will be tough." she added. "But I think I'm playing well, too. We'll see what happens."

Brugera, seeded 15th, is the current Spanish champion and won the Estoril Open in Portugal last week.

participating in the tournament to get some practice on clay before next month's French Open. Bruguera is ranked 21st on the

Becker said Wednesday he was

ATP Tour computer while Becker is second. Becker struggled visibly, committing 28 unforced errors, hit-

ring only 43 per cent of his first serves and allowing Bruguera to rally from 15-14 in the final game. A pair of errant backhands by Becker at deuce gave Bruguera the match.

"He's in good form, and I need to work more." Becker said. "It's ooly the start for me on clay. few too many where bad."

The 20-year-old Bruguera was buoyed by last week's victory, but is hoping to win in Barcelona. where he was born and resides.

"It's always nice to win a tournament, but to win this one here in Barcelona is much better," Bruguera said. "I must coocentrate if I am to have a

Becker became the fourth of the top six seeds to lose, joining no. 2 Guy Forget, no. 5 Jonas Svensson and no. 6 Andres

need a couple more days of work to be in good form. I hit good shots and bad shots today, but a

then have a happy time with your

22) Your need fot some highly social life now is great so use this

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY APRIL 13, 1991

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You will have a chance to nd yourself of an illness or tedious work which has been a pain in the neck cur-rently. After the New Moon in Aries on the fourteenth things pick

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Now you can have one of your happiest days in a long while so make a point to get off to places of amusement and pleasure and have a good nime.

TAURUS (April 20 to May 20) There are many things that you could use at your own home 10 bring more harmooy and accord there so sit down with your family and arrange new conditions.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) This is the time to show you are the one who does seek out and get companions in all walks of life 10 do the things that you would like them to

MOON CHILDREN: |June 22 to July 21) Whatever you would like to do that does necessitate having more of this world's goods is fine now so look for ways to add to your present income.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) A day to make sure that you do what you personally like the most so lose no time but get after those social outlets that bring you pleasure. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) There are a great many persooal and inumate things for you to do now so get them behind you and

LIBRA: (September 23 to October

Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation day to decide and to start action in entertainments and being with chosen friends.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You have a good chance now to get a very important person

to get you what you want so this day can be a banner day by being with executives. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) So many interesting expansions can now be yours that you would be wise to get off to the new sites that appeal to you and

get benefits there. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Whatever you have in mind that does necessitates the payment of bills, money you owe or looking into ways to be more exact in fine today.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You would certainly be wise to contact that broad minded and imaginarive person whom you regard as a partner to settle old plans and to get to new ideas.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) There are so many projects for you to do that not a moment of day should be wasted in just fussing around so get big, accomplish and

Today's child: If your child were bom today she of he will have a deep-seated desire for reassurance and praise. Introducing the right individuals, books and concepts into this life is a very important need if this sensitive child is to have a full measure of what this life

"The stars impel, they do not compel, what you make of your life is largely up to you.

has to offer.

Clough looks to end F.A. Cup jinx

LONDON (R) - Nottingham Forest Manager Brian Clough is hoping to bury his F.A. Cup Jinx when he leads his team into their third semifinal in four seasons

Sunday. Forest, who meet second division leaders West Ham, are desperate to avoid a repeat of the defeats suffered in 1988 and 1989 and take Clough to his first F.A. Cup final in a glirtening 25-year managenial career.

The F.A. Cup has always remained tantalisingly out of reach for Clot. h. who has managed league championship and League Cop winning sides and twice led Folias : uccess in the European

granted attent West Ham. "I would assume that with West Ham being top of the second division and us being in the bottom half of the first divi-

sion, we are about on par," he Forest's midweek win over

League in 1969.

Montreal, Canada.

Hirsch said.

Charles Goren dies

LOS ANGELES (R) - Charles Goren, acknowledged as the

world's foremost authority on contract bridge, has died aged 90 ai

Goren, whose book, Goren's Bridge Complete, is known by

players of the game simply as "Goren's Bible," was given the

honorary title of "Mr. Bridge" by the American Contract Bridge

Tanner Hirsch, his husiness manager, said Goren died on April

3 in Encino, California, where he was living with a nephew. "The

game has lost the best player it has ever had, or ever will have,"

He said Goren started playing contract hridge when he fell in

"The young lady played the game and he wanted to impress her,

Goren gave up law in 1936 when his first book, Winning Bridge

Montreal. Charles never married. He was married to the game."

In the 1940s and 1950s Goren teamed up with another unlikely

Goren was named player of the year in the United States eight times. "It has never been done since and the likelihood is that the

Goren was a syndicated bridge columnist and had his own television show. He also had the distinction of being the only bridge

authority to be featured on the cover of Time magazine. His skills in bridge made him a sought-after partner by the rich and famous. Among those he played with were General Dwight Eisenhower, author Somerset Maugham, Humphrey Bogart and

bridge player, former chorus girl Helen Sobel, to form "the most

feared partnership in the world," said Hirsch.

record will never be surpassed," Hirsch added.

Made Easy, was published. More than 40 books followed. "History does not record what happened to the young lady in

but at first he was a laughing stock, so he determined to study the

love with a girl while studying law at McGill University in

his home in California, his business manager said Thursday.

Derby was only their second league victory in 13 games and

lifted them to 12th in the table, Clough, 56, has said he is ashamed of Forest's league position but he is typically scornful of the high, long ball tactics many first division teams now employ.

We don't play in the clouds. If God wanted us to play football in the clouds he'd have put grass

there," he said. · Forest, who have played eight games en route to the last four, may recall England midfielder Steve Hodge and young striker Nigel Jemson for the tie at Birmingham's Villa Park.

Hodge has missed nine games with a knee injury while Jemson has been out with a damaged ankle. Both played in a reserve game this week.

Their opponents West Ham,

Injuries to Julian Dicks, Alvin

virtually certain to return to the

first division next season, will be without several first-choice defenders.

Martin and Tim Breacker could allow 31-year-old Scottish international Ray Stewart a return to

the big stage. Stewart, who won an F.A. Cup winners' medal with West Ham in 1980, played his first league game for more than two years this week after finally shaking off a series of injunes.

Arsenal Manager George Graham fears mercurial Tottenham midfielder Paul Gascoigne could destroy his side's hopes of an unprecedented second double when the north London rivals meet in the other semifinal at Wembley Sunday.

Gascoigne returned to first team action Wednesday just four weeks after a hernia operation and is certain to play against

"When he (Gascoigne) went in

BARCELONA (R) - Having

opened the door to South Africa,

Olympic leaders meet in Barcelo-

na next week to discuss when the

South Africa already has one

foot in the door after being

granted conditional recognition

by the International Olympic

The country has six months in

which to meet the IOC's require-

ments for a full return to the

Olympic movement from which it

was expelled io 1970 because of

One of the key conditions is the

scrapping of apartheid laws which reformist President F.W. de

Klerk has promised by June.

Committee (IOC) in March.

the threshold.

IOC to debate timing of

S. Africa's Olympic return

for the operation I didn't tbink he could get fit in time, but he is looking good — full of running." Graham said.

We will have to think again about our approach. He is a unique talent in England and we will give him a lot of respect."

Young Arsenal midfielder David Hillier, a candidate to mark Gascoigne, is struggling for fitness after suffering a badly gashed leg in the 1-1 draw al Southampton Tuesday.

Arsenal are eight points clear of Liverpool in the league and look set fair for the title - the part of the double they previously won 20 years ago.

Liverpool, who have a game in hand, travel to fourth-placed Leeds Saturday having collected just one point from their last

when the Olympic governing body holds its annual meeting in

begin a for

ing Sunday in Barcelona, host

city of next year's summer Olym-

pics, at which South Africa will

The executive board will dis-

cuss the report of an IOC delega-

tion which granted conditional

recognition at the end of an his-

tonic visit to the republic last

Few within the Olympic move-

ment seriously doubt that a

Springbok team will take part in

the games next year for the first

The 11-member IOC executive

Birmingham, England.

be the main issue.

time since 1960.

month.

four in Japan Open TOKYO (R) — Defending champion Stefan Edberg reached the Second seed Ivan Lendl also semifinals of the Japan Open Tennis Championships when he 72 minules.

Edberg advances into last

beat Michael Stich 7-6 6-3 Friday. The top-seeded Swede, bidding for a third successive title here. was fully stretched by the German in the first set before even-

tually winning the tie break 7-5. The German Davis Cup player, ranked 19th in the world, initially took the game to Edberg, using his powerful service to good effect with a series of aces. But Edberg won the second set

comfortably as Stich made a number of unforced errors. Edberg's semifinal opponent will be fifth seed American Michael Chang trounced former

Wimbledoo champion Pal Cash,

made his way into the semifinal, demolishing eighth seed Jakob Hlasek of Switzerland 6-1 6-4 in He takes on fourth seed Jim

Courier in Saturday's other semifinal. Courier coasted to a comfortable 6-2 6-2 quarter-final victory over fellow American John McEnroe. Hard-hitting Courier, who won

two tournaments in successive weeks at home last month, was always too strong for an out of touch McEnroe.

Meanwhile, American Lori McNeil and Belgium's Sabine Appelmans cruised into the women's final of the Japan Open Tennis Championships with straight-sets wins Friday.

Villasana retains boxing title

MEXICO CITY (R) - Marcos Villasana of Mexico retained his World Boxing Council (WBC) featherweight boxing title when the referee stopped his fight against Colombian challenger Rafael Zuniga in the sixth round.

Villasana. 30 who dominated Zuniga throughout the fight. ended it with a punishing series of left and right hooks that slammed the fourth-ranking challenger into the ropes where he stood

defenceless. American referce Vince Delgado stepped in to stop the contest after two minutes eight seconds of the sixth round.

"He has a very good left hand," the 27-year-old Zuniga said tearfully later. "That was what did me the most barm. He was stronger and better than I

THE BETTER HALF, By Harris

"You should have yourself frozen until they discover a cure for stupidity.

JUNIBILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each equare, to form four ordinary words. ROBOD DUPON CERTIM WHAT THE HANG-MAN SAID WHEN THE CULPRIT WAS REPRIEVED. **NECCIS** Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. (Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: FIFTY HONOR PATTER STYLUS

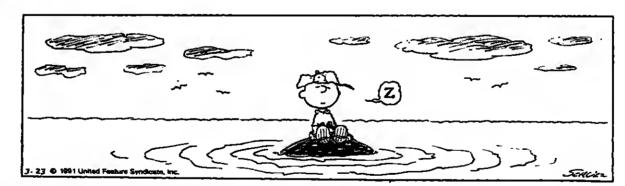
Answer: She called him by his first name and was after this—HIS LAST

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THE Daily Crossword by James Barrick

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its apartheid policies.



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THE CASE OF THE VANISHING TRICK

Neither vulnerable. North deals. NORTH K 10 S 4 3 ♠ K Q 10 6 4 WEST EAST **‡ Q** 7 Q 8 7 6 : QJ97543 10862 **◆ AJ82** SOUTH + A 10 9 8 6 S 3 2 7 A 2 The bidding: North South Ess

Pass Pass Opening lead: Ace of # At the World Olympiad in Geneva, Switzerland, Iwo Australian declarers proved it is not as easy for the defenders to collect "sure" tricks as one might imagine. This deal came up in the Mixed Pair

Championship. We have only the auction at one table, but assume it followed similar lines at the other. The problem started when North chose to open an accless wonder in first seat, and it is difficult to blame South for refus ing to stay out of slam thereafter. since North rated to have some spade tolerance.

At one table West led the ace of clubs and then shifted to a diamond It might seem declarer's chances of making the rest of the tricks are somewhat less than zero, but South enlisted the cooperation of the defense. After winning the ace of diamonds, declarer crossed to the king of clubs and led the queen. East elected to ruff. Unfortunately, East selected the four of trumps for this task. (A convincing argument can be made in favor of ruffing with the king: it would defeat the contract!) Declarer overruffed and banged out the ace of spades with highly satis factory results.

At the other table declarer did even better! The lead there was o diamond, won perforce in the closed hand. South crossed to the king of hearts and tried the effect of leading the jack of trumps. East covered and great was the fall thereoo. A club to the king won and, when declarer cootinued with a barrage of trumps, a flustered West discarded the ace of clubs to hold the guarded queen of hearts. As a result, declarer scored an overtnick!

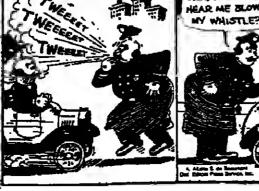
Andy Capp



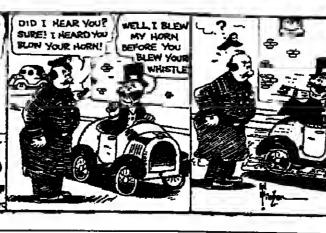
SURE, BE WITH YOU IN A MINUTE, IN THE MEANTIME, DO YOU MIND GETTING YOUR STUDS OUT OF THAT NEW LAWN? SHADDUF



Mutt'n'Jeff









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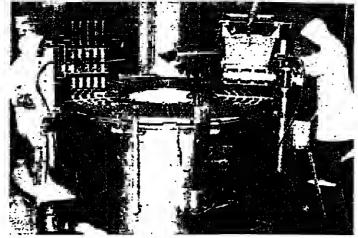
Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

60 River in Austria

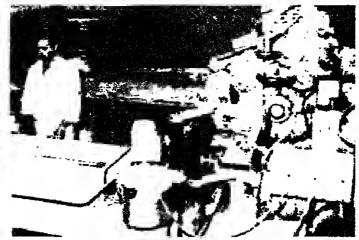
64 Holiday time



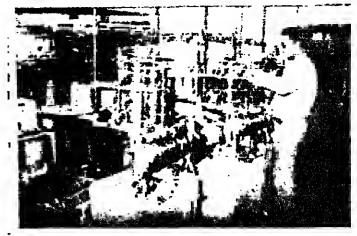
Carpenter Turki Mriyan working on oew machines financed by



Processing confectionery at Ata Ali factory in Wadi Seer (IDB



Manufacturing paper products (File photo).



Manufacturing of socks at Al Nahda plant in Marka (IDB photo).

Jordan's IDB reactivates small industries and handicraft fund

By Samir Shafig Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - After three years of reorganisation and reevaluation. the Industrial Development Bank (1DB) last year reactivated its small scale industries and handicraft (SSIH) fund by boosting its lending to 119 beneficiaries for a total of JD 599.600.

The activity takes up significance because in 1986 the SSIH fund extended JD 1.2 million in loans to 404 borrowers but since the amounts and number of beneficiaries has continued to decline every year reaching only JD 152,600 distributed among 53 ctients in 1989.

SSIH fund manager Mahmoud Al Lanham explained that the reason behind the 1987-1989 retreat was a decision taken by the bank to redraw the fund's credit

policies. Mr. Lanham said that the expansion of SSIH fund lending in 1986 and the years before created stiff competition among craftsmen of the same trade who, in many cases, operated in the same geographical area.

The situation, Mr. Lahham added, necessitated a new look and a sound lending approach which culminated in adopting

more in-depth analysis of a given project and a policy of high selectivity to ensure its success.

In 1990, the bank also doubled the amount it usually lends through its SSIH window from JD 4,000 to JD 3,000 realising that the old amount was dwarfed by the devaluation of the dinar and the rising inflation since.

Another factor for the increase in SSIH activity in 1990 was cited by Mr. Lahham as being the return of thousands of expatriates who fled the Gulf crisis seeking to set up small industries or workshops in the Kingdom.

He further noted that the IDB last year began for the first time to extend SSIH credits to small scale activities in medical ser-

As a result, 29 loans were granted to laboratories and cli-

The hank also continued delegating one of its staff to set up offices twice a week at the Housing Bank branches at Irbid and Karak for acquainting owners of small scale industries and handicrafts in the northern and southern regions of the Kingdom with available financing opportunines. and provide them with the necessary loans at those locations. Of the loans approved during

laboratories and clinics: 13.1 per cent were for food products projects, and the rest were for other miscellaneous projects such as garments and knitting, car maintenance, building materials. metal works and printing and photography.

> Total number of loans since the inception of SSIH in 1975 until last year stood at 2,399 loans totalling JD 6.97 million.

> Disbursement of small scale industries and handicraft fund during 1990 amounted to 475,200 and repayments were JD 611.500 of which JD 297,100 were amounts due in 1990, thus the rate of repayment for 1990 amounted to 39.1 per cent.

In overall operations, the IDB approved 97 loans totalling JD 15.2 million of which 86 loans totalling JD 13.3 million were extended to industrial projects and eleven loans totalling JD t.8 million were extended to tourism projects. Amount of loans for 1990 marked an increase of 7.5. per cent over their level in 1989.

Total cost of new and expan-sion projects financed during the year is estimated at JD 34.2 million and job opportunities to be created in these projects are estimated at 905 jobs.

Loan applications received during 1990 numbered to9 lineluding 23 applications carried over from (989) covering various fields of industry such as pharmaceuticals, detergents, plasne, food, garments and leather products in addition to tourism pro-

Out of this number 97 applications were approved by the board and 14 applications were carried over to 1991. The rest were not processed due to nonresponsiveness on the part of applicants.

Out of the loans approved duting 1990, 18 loans were extended to new projects for manufacturing computers, pressing machines, sports shoes, garments and food products. Seven loans were also granted for the construction of therapeutical hotel at the Dead Sea coast and other new hotels in Amman, Irbid. Wadi Mousa/Petra and Aqaba.

Another new industrial project for the production of printing ink was given a risk capital loan. Amount of loans extended for financing expansion plans and raw materials purchases was JD

11 million or 72.1 per cent of the Ovet 51 per cent of industrial loans approved during 1990 were for the purchase of machinery and 30.8 per cent for the purchase of raw materials.

Tourism projects accounts for 12.2 per cent of approved loans and risk capital loans accounted for 0.5 per cent of industrial loans.

During 1990, one loan totalling JD 5,000 was cancelled and three loans were reduced by JD 355,000 bringing the actual number of loans approved since the hank was established to 1,436 loans totalling JD 124.7 million.

JD 15.5 million fell due last year out of which JD 13.4 million were repaid, thus the rate of repayment for the year amounted to 86.81 per cent. A sum of JD 2.1 million was also repaid out of due amounts from previous

The IDB invested JD 45,000 in the equity of an existing project. The hank's total equity investments by the end of 1990 stood at 4.9 million of which JD 4.4 million have been paid and the balance of JD tl.55 million represent pending instalments due to a number of projects.

During 1990, the IDB participated with two local hanks in syndicating a loan of JD 450,(80). in favour of Arab Investment and International Trading Co. The

loan was managed by iDB. By the end of 1990, the number ocui compunies.

of syndicated loans which the bank has participated in and or arranged and managed stands at 26 loans totalling JD 77.2 million

The bank continued its activities as broker at the Amman Financial Market (AFM) which include portfolio management. trading in shares and bonds and rendering consultancy services in security investment.

Total value of stock transactions executed by the bank amounted to JD 32.6 million or 6.1 per cent of total stock transactions at the AFM compared with JD 49.4 million or 6.4 per cent in The amount of loans disbursed

ments for equity investments and bonds were JD 49,000 and JD 791,000 respectively. Outstanding loans at the end of 1990 stood at JD 49.7 million

by the IDB totalled JD 15.3

million last year while disburse-

while repayment of loans stood at JD 15.5 million. According to the 1DB annual report, total assets were JD 69.6 million, down from JD 74,6 milhon at the end of 1989. The

decline was due to year-end

adjustments of institutional de-

posits held at the bank by some

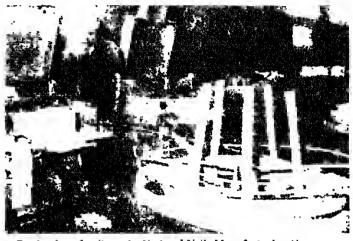
The IDB, whose capital stands at JD 600 million and total net worth at JD 16.0 million, registered a net profit of 3D 12 million last year, down from JD .5 million achieved during 1984 However, the 1980 profit should have read JD 1 o nullion if "suspended interest carnings" were to be taken into consideration as such an accounting practice was implemented in 1990 to reflect the true picture of operations

Dividends to shareholde's were recommended to the general assembly meeting later this month at 10.5 per cent per 3D 3 nominal value of each share compared to 11 per cent cert year.

which normally record a preta-

when actually received

The IDB continues to play a major tide in Jordan's indutrialisation drive as its folios contimile to expand accraming 313 Isophit per four in 1989 from H3 122,000 and 3D Herman in the DIEVEUR VESTS



Production of naits at the National Nails Manufacturing Company

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Thursday, April 11, 1991 Central Bank official rates

U.S dellar Pound Signling

One Sterling

One U.S. dollar

N ij1.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling tates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession

on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

1.7878/88 1.1505/10

1.6725/35

1.8830/40

1.4150/57

34.36/40

5.6450/6500

1241/1242

135.80/90

6.0300/50

6.5000/50

One ounce of gold 361.50/362.00

Cinema

Cinema

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PRETTY

WOMAN

Show: 3:30, 8:30, t0:30 p.m.

6.4050/4100

CONCORD

MUQUIN

BAT MAN

402.0 404.4 473.9 476.7 118.9 119.6 French franc c yen (for 100) Swedish crown 111.5 alian lira (for 100] 54.4 elgian franc (for 10) - 195.7-- - - - - - - - - - - - -

U.S. dollar

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs

Belgian francs

French francs

Japanese ven

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

Norwegian crowns

Tel: 677420

Tel: 675571

Italian lire

TOKYO - Stocks ended slightly firmed but many investors

waited on the sidelines before the release of key U.S. consumer price data. The Nikkei closed up 157.31 points, or 0.60 per cent, at 26,582.50 with 360 million shares traded.

interest rates easing in the U.S. and Australia. The All Ordinaries index closed 1.5 points bigher at 1,455.8. HONG KONG - Stocks firmshed higher. Brokers said prices were boosted by optimism about progress of talks in Beijing on a

planned port and airport project. The Hang Seng gained 38.07 points to close at 3,742.00. SINGAPORE — Prices

BOMBAY - New account trading sent the Bombay Stock Exchange index up 28.74 points to 1,288.02. "The bulls were in full cry," said btoker Vallabh Bhanshali. FRANKFURT - A British interest rate cut and unexpectedly

Times index ended at 1,481.67, up 10.70.

favourable German prices data sent share prices higher. The DAX index closed up 17.77 at 1,583.14. ZURICH - Prices finished highet in moderate trading before an extended weekend, underpinned by the overnight gain on Wall Street and news of a surprise fall in U.S. March consumer prices.

The SPI iodex closed up 8.9 at 1,083.1. PARIS - Sbares continued mixed at midsession as cautious investors kept largely to the sidelines. At 1124 GMT the CAC-40 index was up 0.15 per cent at 1,828.28.

LONDON - Prices lost ground in late trading as Wall Street stocks gave up early gains. At 1600 the FTSE index was down 3.6

Britain cuts **WORLD STOCK MARKETS** interest rates as inflation SYDNEY - The market rose as investors pinned their hopes on tumbles

LONDON (R) - The British government cut interest tates for the fourth time in two months Friday after further signs that it was winning the battle against

The Bank of England, Britain's central bank, said it was cutting its money market dealing rate by half a percentage point. Commercial banks followed suit, reducing their base lending rates by the same amount to 12 per cent.

At the same time the annual increase in the retail price index. the main indicator of inflation. fell to 8.2 per cent in March from 8.9 per cent in February. Both pieces of news were seen

as welcome relief for Prime Minister John Major, struggling to restore faith in the ruling Conservative Party which has been undermined by economic reces-

Treasury officials said even better news awaited Major next month when, hecause of special factors, the annual inflation rate for April was likely to drop to just over six per cent.

This would be roughly on a par with Switzerland - suffering from abnormally high inflation and would confirm Britain was on course to reach a fourth quarter target of four per cent, bringing it more in line with other European Community states.

Building societies said they would cut their own home loan interest rates, a major factor in inflation ealculations and one of the most politically-sensitive economic measures as they affect millions of home-owners.

Richard Brown, director of policy at the British Chambers of Commerce, praised Chancellor of the Exchequer Norman Lamont for the progressive interest rate

"The chancellor is slowly removing straws from the camel's back. Our quarterly economic surveys are showing that businesses are still suffering from falling orders and declining output, but we are beginning to see confidence rising again," he pointed out.

Stuart Frost, a financial analyst at National Westminster Bank in London, said: "The government wants interest rates to come down fast. Recent surveys by the Confederation of British Industry show the worst (of the recession) is behind us."

JORDAN TIMES TEL. 667171

Germany again reports yawning deficit in balance of payments

FRANKFURT (R) - Germany, struggling with the effects of unification and the Gulf war, has reported a yawning balance of payments deficit for the second month running, jolting currency

The Federal Statistics Office said the current account of the halance of payments showed a deficit of 1.7 billion matks (S1 billion) in February, more than three times the shortfall that many financial analysts had pre-

It also issued a revised January figure of 2.1 billion marks (\$1.24 billion), the worst deficit in eight

The current account covers

trade in goods and services. "Our surpluses are melting away like snow," said Deutsche Bank economist Karl-Heinz Schlotthauer.

"Because of the storm of imports and weak economies abroad, we are going to have to live with further reductions. Naturally, this doesn't help the mark," he said.

Germany traditionally has a high trade surplus and the reversals of the past two months have come as a shock-

The opening of the eastern part

Bangladesh gas reserves may last 35 years

DHAKA (R) - Bangladesh, one of the world's poorest countries and heavily dependent on imported fuel, may run out of natural gas in 35 years, the official BSS news agency has said.

The proven reserves of 25.6 trillion cubic feet (725 billion cuhic metres) nf natural gas in Bangladesh's 17 gas fields would dry up by 2026 if consumption grew as expected. BSS quoted the state-run Petrohangla Oil and Gas Company as saying.

The daily gas consumption would rise to 827 million cubic feet (23 million cubic metres) in 1995 and 1,287 million cubic feet (36 million cubic metres) in 2000. they said.

Bangladesh currently consumed only 490 million cubic feet (13.8 million cubic metres) a day. they added.

The officials said Bangladesh produced 900 barrels of condensates and 300 barrels of oil every day. It saved some 16 billion taka (about \$450 million) annually by using natural gas and oil.

Bangladesh needs to import about \$350 million worth of pettoleum including crude a year. according to official figures.

of the German market to Western goods has spurred a large

the collapse of much of the economy in the east since unification in October. o 11570 There is too much consumption and too little investment in eastern Germany." Scholtthauer this is showing up in the current

influx of imports, encouraged by

account. Imports rose by 14 per cent in February while exports fell by 3 9

per cent. February's figures were pushed further into the red by Germany's three billion mark (\$1.8 billion) contribution to the allied war effort in the Gulf. Another six billion marks (\$3.6 hillion) were

transferred in March. "Seasonal factors and the Gulf war payments are giving a rather distorted picture of the current account," said Warren Oliver,

economist at UBS Phillips and

He said no one should be

surprised if the cutrent account stayed in deficit in March Commerzbank economist Pesiter Pretich said the strength of the mark earlier at the year amplified the impact of the weakening economies in Britain and the United

States. The dollar bit record low levels around 1,4430 mark in mid-

February. "The strong mark at the start of the year made the tough export conditions all the more difficult." he said. "It made already expensive German exports even dearer. And I doubt the weak mark we now have will help much because it will make imports more expen-

Chancellor Helmut Kohl, meanwhile spoke of signs that the depressed economy in former communist East Germans was on the road to recovery.

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3:30. 8:30 p.m

Cinema Tel: 634144 **PHILADELPHIA**

> MICKEY ROURKE...IN A PRAYER FOR THE DYING

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PLAZA

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Show: 12:30, 3:15, 8:00, t0:00 p.m.

Kohl, opposition to cooperate in bid to rescue eastern Germany

BONN (R) - German Chancellor Helmut Kohl and the opposition Social Democrats (SPD) agreed Friday to an urgent programme of cooperation to help rescue eastern Germany from economic collapse.

Kohl and SPD Chairman Hans-Jochen Vogel, meeting amid talk of a possible national unity government to tackle the crisis, set up two working groups to thrash out a joint approach, a government spokesman said.

But neither the Christian Democratic (CDU) chancellor, sliding in popularity only four months after winning the first all-German elections, nor the SPD want this step to lead to a grand coalinon.
"The chancellor said his talk

with SPD Chairman Vogel was constructive, very reasonable and held in a very good atmosphere. spokesman Dieter Vogel told journalists.

WASHINGTON (R) - A Sen-

ate committee Thursday rejected

President George Bush's nomina-

tion of Kenneth Ryskamp as an appeals judge after Democrats

alleged he had ruled against vic-

Senator Edward Kennedy and

other opponents also said Rys-

kamp should be rejected because

he had heen a member of the

Riviera Country Cluh in Coral Gables, Florida, which allegedly

discriminates against blacks and

Jews. Ryskamp resigned from the

club just before his confirmation

MANILA (R) - President Cora-

zon Aquino Friday installed a

new chief of the Philippine

Armed Forces, sharply defending

her controversial choice and dis-

missing army rebels as a spent

Aguino, who has survived six

coup attempts during five years in

power, said she selected Major-

General Lisandro Abadia be-

cause he was a tough soldier who

The choice of Abadia in prefer-

ence to other more senior generals sparked controversy and fears

But retiring Chief-of-Staff

Lieutenant-General Rodolfo

Biazon dismissed coup threats as

empty talk, despite several bomb

attacks in Manila blamed by

President Aquino, swept to

power in a popular revolt against

the late President Ferdinand

Marcos, said rightwing army re-

bels had been reduced by Biazon

captured since the beginning of

the vcar.

Eleven rebel leaders have been

"The unmitigated contempt in

which the rightists are now held

by the public they have victimised

is the hest testimony of the work

Aguino told troops and officials

Fears about the reaction of the

General Biazon has done.

at the handover ceremony.

to just a handful of fugitives.

police on rightwing rebles.

believed in democracy.

of a fresh coup attempt.

Aquino defends choice

generals.

of the military.

next year.

of new military chief

tims of discrimination.

"The chancellor suggested two working groups, one to consider the quick construction of an effective administration in the east and the issue of property rights, and the other to deal with problems with the job market in former east Germany.'

The SPD leader expressed satisfaction with the meeting. which his party has been deman-ding for weeks, and said: "There is complete agreement that the situation in eastern Germany is serious and extraordinary measures are called for."

Kohl's talks with the SPD formalised a shift away from his original German unity policy, which critics denounced as a cold shower switch from Communism to capitalism, towards a more active state role to ensure a "soft landing" for the eastern eco-

Up to four million easterners - half the workforce - may be

All eight Democrats on the

Judiciary Committee voted to kill

the nomination while all six Re-

Ryskamp, 58, was the first of more than 70 Bush judicial

nominees to be defeated. The

Senate must confirm all presiden-

tial nominations to be federal

Bush named Ryskamp, a feder-

al judge in Miami, to be a judge on the court of appeals for the 11th circuit, which hears appeals from Florida. Georgia and Alabama.

The 58-year-old president said Abadia was a highly professional

officer who was among the cream

"We do not wish him luck as

tion. We expect him instead

luck had nothing to do with his

to demonstrate the qualities of

honour, obedience, intelligence

and courage for which he was

ensuring peace and security dur-

ing presidential elections in May

In his acceptance speech, Aba-

dia pledged the neutrality of the

armed forces in the coming elec-

He vowed to effect what he

termed the "strategic defeat" of

the Communist insurgency in

the Philippines by 1992. Biazon

said changes in Eastern Europe

had left the Communists ideolo-

gical orphans, and their defeat

The Communists have been

fighting for a Marxist state in the

was now certain.

nosen ... Aquino said. Abadia will be responsible for

publicans supported him.

Senate rejects Bush choice for judge

jobless by mid-summer, officials say, while the restructuring needed to create new jobs for them could take years.

Kurt Biedenkopf, CDU premier of Saxony, welcomed the new bipartisan approach and urged Bonn to continue its emergency subsidies to his and the four other eastern states until the year 2000 to help them attain Western living standards.

Both Kohl and Vogel rejected suggestions their cooperation should lead to a grand coalition, an option Bonn tried with disappointing results during a recession in the late 1960s. "All this should in no way blur

the natural differences between government and opposition. spokesman Vogel said after sketching out his deal with Kohl.

While offering to help, the SPD leader ruled out joint appearances with Kohl at rallies in the east or anything else that

"Judge Ryskamp does not de-

serve a seat on that great court,"

Kennedy, a Massachusetts

Democrat, said before the vote.

versed by unanimous panels of

that court in civil rights cases for

overruling jury verdicts and going

outside the record to rule against

victims of unlawful discrimina-

lin Fitzwater said the administra-

tion was disappointed and did not

believe Ryskamp was insensitive

to minorities.

Kashmir

governor

White House spokesman Mar-

'He has been repeatedly re-

made it seem his party was absolving the government or agreeing with its policies to date.

The collapse of the old Commanist administration and delays in building up a Westero-style bureaucracy in the east have bogged down Bonn's attempts to pump federal funds down to the local level and promote private investment from Western firms.

Uncertainty over property rights has blocked investment as outsiders shy away from buying factories or farms that could later be found to be confiscated properties that must be returned to those who owned them prior to the Communist era.

The SPD chairman said the job market group would discuss his party's proposal for large statefunded companies to retrain workers otherwise headed for the dole queue, but Kohl's spokes-

challenged

LOME (R) — Human rights activists in Togo Friday disputed

government claims that 26 people

whose bodies were found in a

Lome lagoon were killed by cri-minals and called for a full inves-

As the West African state pre-

pared for a return to multi-party

democracy after violent anti-

government protests, the capital

remained in a state of shock after

the grisly discovery in a working

Koffi Goh Kokou, bead of the

Togolese League of Human

Rights, challenged the official claim that the killings of the

mostly young victims were by

criminals or people trying to stir

up violence against President Gnassingbe Eyadema. "I could imagine that might be

the case if there were one death,"

be said in a telephone interview.

of the Be district deliberately

going out and assassinating each

other. Our information shows

that it was not the people who did

it. There would be no sense to

He called on the government to

investigate the possibility that the

victims were killed by the military

- a belief held by most people.

Eyadema, one of Africa's

longest-serving leaders, is trying

to ride out his worst crisis since

The resignation of the 54-year-

old military leader has become

the chief demand of the demon-

strators who staged violent pro-

tests in the capital last month.

Eyadema has had to agree to

political reforms, including an

amnesy for people implicated in

bombings and a coup plot in the

mid-1980, which will allow

opposition political parties for the

first time since he took power.

seizing power in 1967.

"But I can't imagine the people

class suburb.

new forces BRUSSELS (R) - NATO's top military commanders discussed ptans for a radical reshape of the West's defences Friday, including man did not mention this. more "rapid reaction" multinational units and fewer forces in logo Europe now the Soviet threat has

government Chiefs of staff from NATO's 16 member nations, winding up a two-day meeting in Brussels, disclaim on cussed a plan which NATO sources said would totally change the alliance's military structure. deaths This has traditionally compris-

ed large, rigidly-organised units designed to fight a war in central Europe against forces of the nowdefunct Warsaw Pact,

Gen. John Galvin

discusses

plans for

NATO

radical

"What we want now is total flexibility, to be able to deploy forces rapidly to face any emerging threat to the alliance, not just a single threat," said one NATO military source.

The plan, suggested by U.S. General John Galvin, supreme allied commander Europe, would have to be approved by the alliance's political leaders.

However, it follows guidelines set out by NATO leaders last year, when, celebrating the end of the cold war, they pledged smaller forces, more multinational units and fewer onclear

It also takes account of other potential threats to NATO territory, dangers which were highlighted by the Gulf war as NATO member Turkey and Iraq share a common border.
As a result, Galvin has drawn

up a plan that allows for "rapid reaction" multinational forces to be deployed anywhere on NATO territory - from the Arctic wastes to the mountains of southeastern Turkey.

An ioitial force, of anything up to a brigade of 5,000 men, would be ready for deployment in a matter of days. It would be lightly-armed and would include several nations to show NATO unity.

NATO could then add to this force as necessary, with battalions or brigades. Galvin's plan envisages anything up to a corpssized unit (usually between 70.000 and 100.000 men) being ready for deployment as a "rapid reaction force."

Main defence units, also likely to be multinational corps, will continue to be stationed in Central Europe and other areas. But they will also be more mobile.

Star Wars still geared to block Soviet attack

WASHINGTON (R) — The Star Wars programme's ultimate goal is still to defend against a massive Soviet nuclear attack despite President George Bush's order to refocus on lesser threats like Soud firings in the Gulf war, U.S. officials said Thursday.

In statements to the Senate Armed Services Committee, they made clear that Bush's order did not change the Star Wars programme but rather directed that defences against limited attacks be studied first.

Bush said in the State of the Union message in January that he had directed Star Wars to be refocussed to improve on Patriot missiles' in defending U.S. troops and allies. The Strategic Defence Initia-

tive (SDI) programme, popularly known as Star Wars, is researching whether U.S. space or ground weapons or both could be deployed to shoot down enemy

Admiral David Jeremiah, vice chairman of the military Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS), said Thursday the chiefs have not changed their original requirement that a first-phase Star Wars system should also be able to shoot down at least half the nuclear missiles the Soviet Union could fire in a

Jeremiah said the joint chiefs also support limited defences such as those Bush mentioned and said their requirement for a defence from any Soviet attack did not conflict with Bush's

The admiral said it was only a question of "which part of that apple you are going to bite at

Undersecretary of Defence Paul Wolfowitz agreed that Bush had not changed Star Wars from the Joint Chiefs' ultimate goal of defending against a Soviet nuc-

The Soviet Union has said the Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty (START), being negotiated in Geneva to cut some types of nuclear weapons by as much as half, would be nullified if the United States put a Star Wars system in space.

India sets dates for

tion Commission Friday set May 20, 23 and 26 as polling dates for a general election aimed at ending months of political instability in the world's most populous

Three dates are needed so security forces can be moved around the country to curb any attempt to coerce India's 521

Political analysts so far see no party emerging with a clear majority from the election, called after inconclusive polls in November 1989 led to the col-

The commission said in a statement that dates for voting in Jammu and Kashmir, Punjab and announced later. India's caretaker government

asked the commission Thursday to arrange polls at both national and state level in Punjab and Assam, but did not mention Jammu and Kashmir, the only

parties were not prepared to put up candidates.

would end Delhi's direct rule in Punjab since 1987, and in Assam

long string of scandals and

tragedies that have touched the

Police spokesman William

Atkinson said authorities would

release copies of the investigative

Kennedy family.

Kennedy nephew calls rape charge a 'damnable lie'

MIAMI (R) - William Kennedy Smith, oepbew of U.S. Senator Edward Kennedy, said a Florida woman's claim that he raped ber

to release the entire police report prepared by investigators after

Police have said Smith was a key suspect in the alleged rape of a 29-year-old woman on a beacb

way. Any suggestion to the contrary is a damnable lie." Smith said in a statement issued by a Washington law firm.

Last weekend, Smith provided police with blood and hair samples but refused to answer detec-

and drives out and goes south, the source told the newspaper. Preliminary results from lab tests on blood and hair samples

May general election Assam, where security forces are NEW DELHI (R) India's Elecfighting insurgencies, would be

million voters

lapse of two minority governments within 16 months.

Muslim-majority state in the overwhelmingly Hindu country.
Jammu and Kashmir Governor Girish Saxena told foreign correspondents on Friday that elections could not be held there because of the turmoil and because major

Elections for state assemblies

was a "damnable lie." Smith, a medical student in Washington, issued the statement a few bours after police in Palm Beach, Florida, said they planned.

the alleged rape on March 30.

outside the Kennedy family's Palm Beach compound. "I emphatically deny that the woman in question was abused or that force was used by me in any

tives' questions. saturation press coverage across

the United States, has added to a

The case, which bas won

report Friday. According to reports published a week ago the young woman told police she was grabbed by the

ankle and then assaulted while walking back to the Kennedy compound from the beach. She and Smith had been walk-

ing on the beach and be was reported to bave taken off his clothes for a swim before she started to walk back to the man-

The Miami Herald quoted a source close to the Kennedy family as saying the might ended with Smith kissing the victim.

"As (the woman) was leaving the compound, she got in her car. got a goodnight kiss from Willie

are due early next week.

Japan hopes for breakthrough in Gorbachev visit

TOKYO (R) — Only four days before a historic visit by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, Japan said it was hopeful of a breakthrough in removing the higgest obstacle blocking the signing of a World War II peace treaty.

The two Swedes were the first Foreign Ministry spokesman Taizo Watanabe said Friday that Japan's ambassador to Moscow handed Gorbachev Thursday a letter from Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu in which he said he expected the visit would be a "breakthrough for dynamic development" in bilateral relations.

Watanabe told a news confetence the two countries had agreed on most of the articles for a World War II peace treaty but nothing had been decided on the toughest issue - four islands off northern Japan seized by the Soviet army in 1945 whose return Tokyo demands as a precondition for a treaty.

"Gorbachev started peres troika, allowed the democratisation of East Europe and the unification of Germanys" he said. "If anyone can bring about a dynamic change, it is Gorbachev.

"He must be capable of doing dynamic changes in Asia as he has done in Europe," he added. But he gave no hint of whether the two sides were close to any agreement on the islands issue. For weeks, Tokyo has been awash with speculation. Newspapers have reported the government would offer up to \$28 billion

islands. Watanabe denied there would be any linkage between the return of the islands and economic

not be useful if there was no political stability and mutual trust." he said. Japanese journalists and televi-

residents.

were returned, Soviet and Japanese people would live there together and the islands would be demilitarised as a symbol of friendship. Neither government has given

any hint of compromise. Watanabe Friday, is that Moscow

must concede sovereignty over all four islands and return two. Moscow says the islands are Soviet territory but in 1956 offered to A repeat of this offer without

"Gorbachev will announce he is prepared to open oegotiations on the islands issue. That is the furthest he can go, given the opposition of his military and the demands for independence from several Soviet republics," he said.

positively to any concession from

the Soviet side because it wants the visit to be a success, the diplomat added.

Ministry official said economic cooperation was not on the agenda for the Gorbacbev-Kaifu talks, unless it was brought op by the Soviet side. A second Asian diplomat said

Gorbachev would spring no surprises. "His first meeting with Kaifu will be critical. Japan will respond accordingly.

ing), aid for victims of the 1986 Chernobyl nuclear disaster, environmental protection, trade and cultural exchanges.

gy, compensation and the return

Gorbachev is due to arrive in Tokyo Tuesday and hold at least three meetings with Kaifu. Watanabe said more meetings might be beld.

After leaving Tokyo, Gorbachev is due to visit Kvoto, Osaka and Nagasaki but not Hiroshima, as some Japanese newspapers have reported, before flying Friday to Cheju Island to meet South Korean President Roh Tae-Woo.

day to disperse about 1,000 South Korean students tossing firebombs in protest at the visit by Gorbachev, eyewitnesses said.

Students at Seoul's Hankook University of foreign studies scattered leaflets deriding the South Korean government's pledge of \$3 hillion in loans and trade credits to the Soviet Union over the next three years.

more than a thousand petrol bombs at police. No major injuries were reported, the eyewitnesses said. They said the clashes at South Korea's premier institution for

"beggar's diplomacy" and defor South Korea's expected application later this year to join the

Gorbachev will stop for a few hours oo Cheju Island on his way

The scheduled meeting has drawn mixed reviews in Seoul. Most South Koreans support the meeting but opposition politicians and some newspaper editorials have been critical that the Soviet leader is not coming to

first visit to the Korean peninsula by a Soviet leader.

Dark object discovered in space

NEW YORK (AP) — Astronom ers have found a mysterious object about 100 billioo times as massive as the sun, and they say it is either the largest black hole ever found or a completely new, anexplained phenomenon. "The huge mass and its great concentration and darkness are puzzling and unlike any found previously," said Joss Bland-Hawthorn of Rice University, one of the discoverers. The object's mass is roughly equal to that of all the stars in the Milky Way galaxy, Bland-Hawthorn said. Yet it is compressed into a space 10,000 times smaller. The object was discovered by Bland-Hawthorn, Andrew Wilson of the University of Maryland and R. Brent Tully of the University of Hawaii using a telescope atop the extinct volcano Mauna Kea in Hawaii. They reported their findings in April's issue of the Astrophysical Journal. They were searching an unusual galaxy called NGC 6240 when they discovered the object inside it. NGC 6240 attracted their attention because it emits a high level of infrared radiation.

Updike, Simon win **Pulitzer prizes**

NEW YORK - John Updike, one of America's most respected novelists, Neil Simon, its most popular playwright, and a woman reporter who stayed in Kuwait after Iraq's invasion won Pulitzer Prizes Tuesday in awards that honoured the growing role of women in U.S. journalism. Of the 25 awards, 11 were won by women including the top Pulitzer Journalism Award - the gold medal for public service - which went to Jane Schorer of Des Moines Register for a pathbreaking series on a woman rape victim's ordeal. Robert Christopher... secretary of the Pulitzer Prize Board, said this year's awards contained the highest number of women winners in the Pulitzer's 75 year history and "reflects the growing importance of women in American journalism." The prizes are the highest awards given annually for U.S. print journalism and the arts. Updike and Simon woo for works that the critics have hailed as the best each man has produced over long writing careers.

Violence against women 'out of control' in U.S.

WASHINGTON (R) — A senior

U.S. senator, warning that violence against American women was out of control, called for stronger national and state laws to protect them. "The United States leads the world in the number and rate of rapes." Senate Judiciary Committee Chairman Joseph Biden, a Delaware Democrat, said at a hearing. Violence against women is out of control." The committee released a report two weeks ago that found that rapes in the United States reached record highs in 1990, with a rape reported every six minutes. Biden said rapes and other crimes against women were often not treated as seriously as other crimes and called for a change in attitudes by law-enforcement agencies. "For too long, our society has looked the other way at this nightmare," he said. Biden's hill, introduced last year and now in its fourth series of committee hearings, would double the national penalty for rape, currently five years in prison. It applies only to rapes committed on federal property such as military bases or national parks. Each state sets its own penalty for rape, and the average sentence is 13 years, committee sources said. But the crime is often hargained down to lesser sex charges to which the defendant agrees to plead guilty instead of going to trial.

'Dead man' walks in as funeral is about to start

TOKYO (R) — An elderly Japanese woman busy making funeral plans, got the shock of her life when her son walked into the house 17 hours after police and relatives pronounced him dead. police said Wednesday. Police found a body, apparently a bit-and-run victim, on a road near the family home in Gunma prefecture north of Tokyo. They contacted the old woman's family. who identified the body as her 55-year-old son. Later it transpired the son had been staying at a friend's house, and had rushed home when he heard from a neighbour he was "dead." Police said they had resumed efforts to establish the identity of the corp-

Philippines for the past 22 years. armed forces were prompted by Taiwan parliament speaker floored in latest fighting

TAIPEI (R) - The speaker of Taiwan's parliament was slapped and knocked to the floor Friday as the legislature ended a violent

week with an all-out fist-fight.

into the chamber as furious opposition deputies hurled ashtrays, hooks and shoes at 71year-old speaker Liang Su-Yung. who described the violence as "a death sentence for democratic politics in Taiwan.

At least 50 police were called

After almost two hours of uninterrupted fighting, the session adjourned early.

This week has been one of the most chaotic in memory for Taiwan's parliament as members of the small opposition Democratic Progressive Party (DPP) protested against plans by the ruling Nationalist Party for democratic

The DPP says the reforms do not go nearly far enough and has threatened to stage mass public

protests next week. "We may be in a minority here, but we represent the majority of public opinion," DPP Chairman Huang Hsin-Chieh told a news conference Friday. "We will do whatever we can to fight for the

rights of Taiwan people." Friday's brawling began when DPP deputy Chang Chun-Hsiung strode to the speaker's podium. handed Liang a letter protesting about his conduct in office and

slapped him in the face. Liang lunged at Chang and slapped him back. As scores of deputies rushed to the podium. assembly with representatives elected in Taiwan. the two men grappled and Liang was knocked to the floor.

Police streamed in from side entrances and fought DPP deputies, who screamed ahuse as Liang made his way back to the

speaker's chair. 'You dead thing" Chang

lowed: "This is a death sentence

the chamber. DPP Deputy Hong Chi-Chang added to the barrage by hurling his own shoes. Cowering behind plastic shields held by aides. Ling ordered

DPP Deputy Lu Hsiu-Yi was bun-

launch the Nationalists' package of democratic constitutional re-The Nationalists, who have ruled Taiwan since they lost China to the Communists in 1949. say the reforms will increase democracy by replacing most of

Chun-Hsiung yelled. White police formed protective ranks to separate the podiam from the legislators, Liang helfor democratic politics in

The DPP kept up its attack on Liang by pitching books and ashtrays at him from the back of

police at least three times to expel disorderly DPP legislators from dled out twice and finally dragged

by the neck from the chamber. Liang told reporters afterwards that he was disgusted with the opposition's campaign of vio-

The National Assembly Mon-

day opened a two-week session to

the old, mainland-elected deputies who now dominate the

optimistic on the abrupt resignation Monday of Deputy Chief-of-Staff Majorkidnapped General Alexander Aguirre, who warned of new unrest because Aquino had bypassed senior **Swedes** Indirectly referring to Aguir-re's resignation, Aquino dismis-NEW DELHI (R) - The governor of Indian-ruled Kashmir sed his public criticism as "a vain struck an optimistic note Friday attempt to embarrass this occaover the fate of two Swedish

eogineers kidnapped by separatist militants nearly two weeks Girish Saxena hinted to foreign correspondents that a deal was possible for the freedom of Johan Jansson, 35, and Jan-Ole Loman.

despite India's rejection of the separatists' demands. "A hard and rigid attitude is hard to take when dealing with

buman lives." he said. Saxena declined to give details of what the Indian government was proposing or how it was being communicated as the Saturday deadline set by the separatists drew closer.

But be emphasised that twice during the 15-month-old insurgency, in which police have reported 2,400 deaths, the government bad released detained victims.

militants in exchange for kidnap They know we hold many of their chaps," he said of the Mus-lim Janhaz (Crusader) Force. The MJF claimed responsibility for the kidnapping three days after the two Swedes were seized on

March 31 on their way home from a Sunday outing. "Channels are being used to get the message to the militants

that they have not gained any-thing through this," he said. "It would be a very stupid thing for them to harm the Swedish nationals," he said, but added a warning that he was dealing with "irrational and unpredictable

foreigners kidnapped in Jammu and Kashmir, Hindu India's only Muslim-majority state, since the rebellion erupted in the Himalayan region. Among the MJF militants under arrest is their leader, Babbar Badar, captured Tuesday in a

raid on a house in the old quarter of Srinagar, the state's summer capital and hotbed of rebellion. A tape-recorded message from the two men who identified themselves as Jansson and Loman was sent to an international news

agency in Srinagar Thursday. In it the two men expressed fear of their captors, who have threatened "extreme measures" if their demands are not met. "I really feel nervous oow,"

said the man who identified himself as Jansson. "Save us." "The captors have to take action now and they mean what they say because their demands... to investigate human rights abuses have not been answered so far," said the man who identified himself as Loman.

The MJF demanded that in

exchange for the two Swedes

human rights teams from the

United Nations and Amnesty In-

ternational be sent to probe wide-

spread allegations of security force atrocities. India and Amnesty International rejected the demand.

"Islands-for-money would not contribute to building mutual trust and confidence. This we have to build first. Money would

sion crews have been illegally visiting the islands, providing exhaustive coverage of their history and the life and opinions of their A group of former Japanese residents of the islands proposed Thursday that, once the islands

Japan's position, repeated by

return two of them. conceding sovereignty over all four is unlikely to be considered a breakthrough by Japan. An Asian diplomat said a breakthrough was not likely.

in aid in exchange for the four For its part, Tokyo has a series of policies ready for any possible Soviet position and will respond

A second Japanese Foreign

learn what he can offer and will Watanabe said Gorbachev would sign Thursday a dozen agreements on subjects such as technical help for Gorbachev's policy of perestroika (restructur-

One agreement will concern the more than 60.000 Japanese who died in Soviet labour camps after World War II. No details were disclosed. Japanese veteran groups have demanded an apolo-

of their remains.

Koreans protest in Seoul In Seoul, police fired teargas Fri-

'We oppose Gorby's visit." the students chanted as they tossed

foreign languages and international affairs lasted more than two hours. The leaflets said Roh was using scribed the loans and trade credits as "bait" to attract the Soviet president and win his approval

United Nations. South Korea and the Soviet Union established full diplomatic relations last September.

home from a four-day trip to

Scoul. The Cheju stopover will be the